

2022-2026 Action Agenda Update Strait Ecosystem Recovery Network, Local Integrating Organization Comments on Proposed High-Level Actions

Submitted to Partnership Staff on January 19, 2022

Strait ERN LIO Comments on Proposed High-Level Actions

Strait ERN comments from <u>December 10, 2021 Working Draft</u> are reflected within the STRAIT ERN LIO COMMENTS column in black text. Following this effort, the Puget Sound Partnership continued their <u>partner</u> <u>and board review process</u> from January 6-19, 2022 in which they invited LIOs to conduct a "high-level review of HLAs (and Action Descriptions) for critical edits, identifying missing elements or red flags, and/or other essential HLAs that are missing that are needed to advance the associated strategy."

On January 14, 2022 the Strait ERN brought together our *Technical, Climate, Oil Spill and Legislative working groups* to conduct this review, with their feedback reflected in red text in the STRAIT ERN LIO COMMENTS column. This document also includes comments on the Institutional Strategies, A through E, for the Management Conference boards, including the Leadership Council, to consider including.

*Please note that although representatives from Tribes within the Strait region participated in the Strait ERN LIO processes to develop this document and contributed comments and feedback, this document will not be considered a comprehensive review by our Tribal partners, and they will work with the Partnership to conduct their own review of the Action Agenda strategies and actions, if they so choose.

How was this draft Strait ERN LIO Proposed Action List developed?

This working draft of Strait ERN LIO Comments on Proposed High-Level Actions, were drawn from our:

- Strait Ecosystem Protection and Recovery Plan's Local Strategy Results Chains (i.e., A through M);
- Agenda Topics presented to the Leadership Council at their September 2020 meeting;
- 2022 Strait ERN LIO Legislative Priorities and Example Actions approved on November 17, 2021;
- Discussions with technical members of the Strait ERN LIO during the three <u>Strait ERN LIO Action</u> <u>Identification Preparatory Meetings</u> held on October 28 and 29, 2021;
- Strait ERN LIO member feedback as participants in the November and early December Action Identification Workshops;
- Strait ERN LIO member feedback on the Institutional Strategies, A through E, during the December 10, 2021, Fall Quarterly Meeting;
- Strait ERN LIO Technical Meeting High-Level Actions for the 2022-2026 AA Update January 14, 2022

Strategy	High-Level Action	Action Description	STRAIT ERN LIO COMMENTS
1. Ensure smart development and protect intact habitats and processes by channeling population growth into attractive, transit-oriented urban centers with easy access to natural spaces.	Build Puget Sound-wide support to prevent conversion of forests, farms, and natural areas.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include improving the education and incentives for public and decision-makers on opportunities to direct growth away from ecologically important areas, improving the implementation of the Growth Management Act (GMA) within local jurisdictions, and across jurisdictions, to include the protection of natural areas and working lands, incorporating protections into regional infrastructure planning, and supporting protections through incentivizing new market demands for growth in city centers.	Missing intermediate results: Stop the conversion of rural shoreline and upland intact habitat through legislative action and subsequent policy improvements (state legislature, state agencies, local governments)> Strengthen the Action Description by replacing the existing relatively weak GMA phrase with this one: "significantly improving the Growth Management Act (GMA) implementation within local jurisdictions, and across jurisdictions, to include the protection of intact natural areas and working lands"
1. Ensure smart development and protect intact habitats and processes by channeling population growth into attractive, transit-oriented urban centers with easy access to natural spaces.	Reduce barriers to infill and redevelopmen t in high growth areas.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include improving planning within urban growth areas, improving the wellbeing of people living in those areas by increasing access to amenities and services, and ensuring transparent, effective, clear, and consistent implementation of regulations to provide consistency and improved conditions for developers and investors within preferred high growth areas.	Add to HLA:"while maintaining/improving access to urban green space." Modify Action Description to include wording around reducing barriers for ADUs (accessory dwelling units) and multi-family units in high growth areas, and include "increasing access to amenities, services and improving access to urban greenspace in those areas."
1.Ensure smart development and protect intact habitats and processes by channeling population growth into attractive, transit-oriented urban centers	Modify the Growth Management Action (GMA) to serve as a more effective tool for channeling growth and preventing conversion.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include linking climate change and salmon restoration to the GMA and pursuing a net ecological gain standard.	Missing intermediate results: Stop the conversion of rural shoreline and upland intact habitat through legislative action and subsequent policy improvements (state legislature, state agencies, local governments)> Strengthen the Action Description as follows: "include stopping the conversion of intact habitat, linking climate change and salmon restoration to the GMA, and pursuing net ecological gain standard"

with easy access	I		
to natural spaces.			
to flatural spaces.			
2.Reduce pressure	Support the	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Example actions: 1. Improve local
for land	long-term	increasing and improving the creation	shoreline and land-use plans and
conversion by	viability and	and use of agricultural resilience	programs by prohibiting development of
supporting the	sustainability	planning for working lands, expanding	agricultural and forest lands at risk of
long-term viability	1	incentives and technical assistance for	flooding, sea level rise, and the frequency
and sustainability	lands and	agricultural lands and owners of working	and intensity of storms (state legislature,
of agricultural	working	forests, and improving implementation	state agencies, local governments)>
lands and working	_	of plans, regulations, and policies that	Modify the Action Description as follows:
forests through	reduce	maintain a working lands base.	"and significantly improving
resilience and	pressure for		regulations, policies, and plans that
integrated	conversion		maintain a working lands base,
management	from the		particularly for those areas that are
planning,	current use to		vulnerable to the effects of climate
improved	a more		change."
incentives, and	developed		
improved land	use.		
use regulations.			
2.Reduce pressure	Support the	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	2. Enhance tax benefits and develop
for land	expansion of	leveraging carbon markets and carbon	market-based solutions as incentives for
conversion by	market	payment programs, expanding transfer	agricultural and forest landowners to
supporting the		of development rights and easements,	conserve habitat and increase carbon
long-term viability	increase	and enhancing tax benefits.	sequestration (state legislature, state
and sustainability	long-term		agencies, local governments, land trusts)
of agricultural	viability and		> Modify the Action Description as
lands and working	reduce		follows: "and enhancing tax benefits,
forests through	conversion		particularly for those areas that have the
resilience and	pressure for		potential to increase carbon
integrated	working lands.		sequestration."
management			
planning,			
improved			
incentives, and			
improved land			
use regulations.			
	I		

3.Protect and restore marine shorelines by improving regulations, incentives, and **strategic planning** enforcement, rooted in an understanding of coastal processes with a focus on bluff backed beaches.

Increase and improve shoreline regulation n, compliance, and communicatio n.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include continuing to evaluate and improve implementation of existing shoreline regulations and policies, conducting implementatio effective and active compliance monitoring and enforcement to support and reinforce permitting decisions by regulatory agencies and local jurisdictions, and cultivating political support for regulatory staff to implement existing regulations and conduct compliance, monitoring, and enforcement.

Example Actions: This compliments the comment on Strategy #16, Proposed High-Level Action #26 noted below: •Enhance ongoing implementation of local Shoreline and Land Use Management Protection, and Incentive Programs and Plans by:

- •Improving the single-family residence sections of the Shoreline Management (SMA) and Growth Management Acts (GMA) and provide additional incentives to better protect and restore marine and freshwater shorelines and to prepare for climate change (e.g., sea level rise, increased frequency and intensity of storms, altered hydrology, population influx from climate-migrants, etc.). Shoreline permitting for single family residences was not designed to minimize cumulative effects within drift cells and along rivers/streams reaches, as well as the compounding effects of actions by adjacent landowners on overall shoreline function.
- •Enhancing permanent conservation of private lands to protect and restore the environment for the public good;
- Effectively prevent development within major river estuaries, "pocket" estuaries, and floodplains;
- •Remove small forest landowner riparian exemptions from Hydraulic Code Permits;
- Prevent construction of new capital facilities in Coastal Management Zones, except public infrastructure that cannot be built elsewhere, such as wastewater treatment plants and stormwater facilities within urban areas;
- •Allow for the modification of emergency construction permits to effectively mitigate damage to the ecosystem.

	Example Action: Require that SMP's address climate change> Modify the Action Description as follows: "improve shoreline regulations and policies (e.g., single-family residence cumulative and compounding effects on drift cell and estuarine function; remove small forest landowner marine riparian exemptions from HCPs; allow for modifications to emergency construction permits to more effectively mitigate ecosystem damage; etc.)" We do not see any mention of single-family residences, emergency construction permits, nor emergency construction permits, nor emergency construction permits within the Strategy Profile for Strategy #3.
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3.Protect and restore marine shorelines by improving regulations, incentives, and strategic planning owners to rooted in an understanding of coastal processes with a focus on bluff backed beaches.

Expand and improve incentives and education for residential property motivate voluntary actions for healthy shorelines.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include educating and communicating with residential property owners and the community to pursue voluntary ecologically friendly shoreline management alternatives, combining communication with financial, social, and technical incentives to accelerate shoreline management on residential properties such as shoreline armor prevention and removal, and increasing coordination among regional and local partners to ensure that existing knowledge and resources are leveraged, and that related programs are funded appropriately.

Example actions: 1. Utilize the comprehensive parcel-by-parcel analyses by sharing information, involving, and assisting marine shoreline landowners on the importance of conserving and restoring their properties and risks associated with inaction (Tribes, local governments, conservation districts, land trusts, RFEGs) - Note: This is one of the next steps following implementation of the regional program discussed under Strategy #3, High-Level Action #16 below. 2. Enhance tax benefits and develop market-based solutions as incentives for shoreline and upland landowners to restore damaged habitat within rural areas. (state legislature, state agencies, local governments, land trusts). 3. Enhance funding for and the ability of marine shoreline landowners, Tribal governments, local governments, and NGOs to not only acquire and restore marine shoreline properties, but also manage those properties over the long-term (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, NGOs) More emphasis on MARINE SHORELINE LANDOWNERS specifically and their vital role in this action.

--> Modify the Action Description as follows: "...educating, communicating and ASSISTING marine and shoreline property owners and the community on how to best pursue voluntary ecologically friendly shoreline management alternatives....incentives (e.g. tax benefits and market-based solutions)....funded appropriately for the long-term."

3.Protect and restore marine shorelines by improving regulations, incentives, and **strategic planning** | future across rooted in an understanding of coastal processes with a focus on bluff backed beaches.

Improve long-term strategic planning to reduce armor impacts in the all land-use types

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include completing standardized parcel-scale mapping of Puget Sound shoreline attributes and analyzing future shoreline scenarios, making this information and other regional information and criteria easily accessible to inform strategic decision making and land use planning, and improving coordination and communication between agency and partners in order to leverage and catalyze beneficial projects for restoration and habitat improvement.

Example action: Develop, fully fund, and implement a regional program to complete a comprehensive parcel-by-parcel prioritized analyses of all marine shorelines, by drift cell, that includes habitat value, ecosystem services, risk of development, and vulnerability to sea level rise and the frequency and intensity of storms, to inform regulatory improvements and appropriate conservation and restoration strategies (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, land trusts, RFEGs); Missing Intermediate Result: Assure that funding is utilized equitably when acquiring marine shoreline properties (state legislature, state agencies)

--> Modify Action Description to read "...attributes, followed by a comprehensive parcel-by-parcel prioritized analyses of all marine shorelines, by drift cell, that includes habitat value, ecosystem services, risk of development, and vulnerability to sea level rise and the frequency and intensity of storms, making this information...."

3.Protect and restore marine shorelines by improving regulations, incentives, and strategic planning rooted in an understanding of coastal processes with a focus on bluff backed beaches.

Increase and improve coastal process-based design and technical training.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include increasing regional capacity to guide shoreline design processes, implementing a regional monitoring strategy to assess cumulative effects, compiling and analyzing existing monitoring information on implemented armor removal and soft shore projects, and developing a programmatic framework for technical training.

Action Description addition: Educating realtors, land owners, consultant companies, construction companies (there are a few key ones in WA that people use to design and build their bulkheads and shoreline armoring) and permitting agencies on design processes; working with banks and home insurance companies to develop BMPs for geotechnical hazards for home owners when purchasing vulnerable bluff properties, making this information publicly available knowledge

4.Protect and restore riparian areas by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives and increasing funding.

Establish and implement science-based riparian protection, restoration, and management policies that result in a minimum '1 Site Potential Tree Height' forested riparian area standard.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include establishing a standard for fully functioning riparian habitat, including developing a publicly available map of riparian protection zones; establishing a riparian plant propagation program at public and private nurseries to meet future riparian restoration needs; leveraging the Growth Management Act and Shoreline Master program to through local land use planning and regulation, including by providing technical support and enforcement capacity to local jurisdictions; establishing a riparian reserve program that provides financial incentives for all landowners to set aside and restore riparian areas important for salmon recovery; funding and implementing technical assistance and outreach programs with riparian landowners to assist in implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) that will protect, restore, and enhance riparian habitat; gathering and evaluating science-based riparian management, guidance, and implementation data; and developing a monitoring program to track implementation -and effectiveness of a variety of tools and incentives.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include establishing a standard for fully functioning riparian habitat, including developing a publicly available map of riparian protection zones; establishing a riparian plant propagation program at public and private nurseries to meet future riparian restoration needs; leveraging the Growth Management Act and Shoreline Master program to implement a statewide riparian standard through local land use planning and regulation, including by providing technical support and enforcement example actions: 1. Develop, fully fund, and implement a regional program to complete comprehensive parcel-by-parcel prioritized analyses of all freshwater shorelines, instream habitat, and riparian areas, by drainage, that includes habitat value, ecosystem services, risk of development, and vulnerability to alterations in hydrology, to inform regulatory improvements and appropriate conservation and restoration strategies (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, land trusts, RFEGs)

- 2. Utilize the comprehensive parcel-by-parcel analyses by sharing information, involving, and assisting landowners who own freshwater riparian areas on the importance of conserving and restoring their properties and risks associated with inaction (Tribes, local governments, conservation districts, land trusts, RFEGs)
- 3. Enhance funding for and the ability of owners of riparian areas, Tribal governments, local governments, and NGOs to not only acquire and restore riparian properties, but also manage those properties over the long-term (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, NGOs); Missing intermediate result: Assure that funding is utilized equitably when acquiring riparian properties (state legislature, state agencies)
- --> Include in the Action Description after implementation data..."Enhance funding for and the ability of owners of riparian areas, Tribal governments, local governments, and NGOs to not only acquire and restore riparian properties,

but also manage those properties over the long-term." 5.Protect and Increase the Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include **Example Action:** Enhance funding for and restore number and removing or setting back barriers to the ability of floodplain and estuarine floodplains and accelerate pocket estuary function; working with landowners, Tribal governments, local estuaries implementatio landowners to allow estuarine governments, and NGOs to not only (including n of habitat connectivity during key timeframes for acquire and restore floodplain and associated acquisitions salmon; purchasing key properties that estuarine properties, but also manage riparian habitats) and allow for permanent restoration and those properties over the long-term by advancing restorations as protection of habitat and connectivity; (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, integrated river prioritized in removing culverts and maintaining local governments, NGOs); Missing basin salmon and improved streamflow functions; Intermediate Result: Assure that funding management watershed developing approaches to more rapidly is utilized equitably when acquiring planning policies recovery access funding when properties become floodplain and estuarine properties (state and regulations plans. available; and developing a framework legislature, state agencies) and accelerating to identify highest priority salmon --> Include language in Action funding and habitats to protect in Puget Sound. Description..."enhance funding for and implementation the ability of landowners, Tribal of reach-scale governments, local governments, and plans. NGOs acquire and restore floodplain and estuarine properties, and manage those properties over the long-term." 5.Protect and Incorporate Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include | High Level Action addition: Should restore the economic incorporating climate change and sea reference that climate change will floodplains and risks and costs exacerbate these risks, and should be level rise into hazard risk tolerance and estuaries of cost subsidy data and results to improve accounted for (including development planning and permitting decisions in an associated into land use integrated management context; riparian habitats) planning in building capacity of land use planners to Action Description addition: Call floodplain and lenable the use of risk tolerance and cost by advancing attention to Floodplains By Design integrated river estuary subsidy data and results to inform efforts; Encourage land managers (e.g. habitats. basin adaptive management of regulatory and WDFW) to provide more incentives, management permitting decisions; developing and knowledge, etc to work with property planning policies implementing outreach plans to owners to promote coexistence and and regulations developers, landowners, decision makers non-lethal forms of removal of beavers, and accelerating and other key stakeholders to and recognize their important role in funding and communicate risk and improve habitat restoration, including creating implementation prioritization of land uses and ponds for coho rearing, reducing of reach-scale emergency preparedness in flood-prone sediment loads, creating wetland habitat plans. areas; and improving river-basin scale for myriad species. planning using risk tolerance and cost subsidy analyses to align habitat

		protection and restoration with hazard mitigation planning.	
5.Protect and	Develop and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Action Description addition: Integrating
restore	maintain a	communicating benefits of integrated	federal infrastructure planning (highways,
floodplains and	Puget	management to build public support and	etc.)
estuaries	Sound-wide	political will; developing a Sound-wide	
(including	framework to	integrated management vision that	
associated	build public	mobilizes financial resources that	
riparian habitats)	support and	incentivize a watershed approach and	
by advancing	political will,	building of local capacity; providing	
integrated river	develop	capacity and support for a learning	
basin	partnerships,	network of regional and local	
management	mobilize	practitioners to build opportunities for	
planning policies	funding	coordination and shared learning;	
and regulations	resources,	developing Sound-wide integrated	
and accelerating	streamline	management goals and metrics to track	
funding and	permitting,	and communicate progress across	
implementation	and support	watersheds; and addressing regulatory	
of reach-scale	monitoring for	and permitting process barriers through	
plans.	integrated	Sound-wide forums.	
	floodplain		
	management		
	approaches to		
	enhance		
	outcomes for		
	fish		
	populations,		
	flood risk, and		
	agricultural		
	viability (farm,		
	fish, flood).		

5.Protect and Prioritize, Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include Action Description comment: Glad to see restore enhancing understanding of floodplain design, and reference to involving diverse floodplains and implement and estuarine processes, including future communities who would be impacted. estuaries reach-scale projections, to inform reach-scale Possibly add involving diverse (including communities and interests "during every restoration project prioritization and design; associated and protection developing and implementing outreach stage of the planning, design AND riparian habitats) projects within and education plans to highlight the implementation process". by advancing a river basin or locally-relevant benefits and challenges integrated river watershed. of integrated floodplain management; basin enabling diverse communities to engage management in integrated management forums; planning policies considering and addressing diverse and regulations community needs when integrated and accelerating management forums are identifying funding and restoration and protection priorities; and implementation expanding capacity for local partner of reach-scale implementation. plans. 5.Protect and Implement Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include Missing Intermediate Result: Develop restore habitat encouraging projects that include natural and implement regional sediment floodplains and protection and Initrogen attenuation restoration in management plans, by freshwater estuaries restoration sensitive areas, identifying areas for drainage, that benefit both floodplains (including wetland restoration with value for projects that and estuaries (state legislature, Tribes, associated restore or natural nitrogen attenuation, informing state agencies, local governments, conservation districts) – Note: This may riparian habitats) maintain local wetlands protection programs and by advancing natural critical areas ordinances about not be the most appropriate place for this nutrient integrated river opportunities for nutrient attenuation, important item. Perhaps the problem is basin attenuation expanding knowledge of nutrient that this High-Level Action is too narrowly management functions and attenuation project design, incorporating focused only on nutrients and needs to be revised to include other items, like planning policies sediment nitrogen attenuation into Floodplains by and regulations Design, and developing and sediment. processes in and accelerating watersheds, implementing regional sediment --> It looks like some of these comments funding and estuaries, and management plans. were incorporated, thanks! implementation tidal wetlands. of reach-scale plans.

5.Protect and restore floodplains and estuaries (including associated riparian habitats) by advancing integrated river basin management planning policies and regulations and accelerating funding and implementation of reach-scale plans.

Increase and improve floodplain and estuary regulation n, compliance, enforcement, and communicatio n.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include evaluating and improving implementation of existing regulations; evaluating the need for statutory and policy changes; putting compliance implementatio | monitoring and enforcement programs in place; and cultivating political support for regulatory implementation, compliance, and enforcement.

- FORMALLY HIGH LEVEL ACTION #17 -Example Actions –
- Enhance ongoing implementation of local Shoreline and Land Use Management Protection, and Incentive Programs and Plans by:
- a. Improving the single-family residence sections of the Shoreline Management (SMA) and Growth Management Acts (GMA) and provide additional incentives to better protect and restore marine and freshwater shorelines and to prepare for climate change (e.g., sea level rise, increased frequency and intensity of storms, altered hydrology, population influx from climate-migrants, etc.). Shoreline permitting for single family residences was not designed to minimize cumulative effects within drift cells and along rivers/streams reaches, as well as the compounding effects of actions by adjacent landowners on overall shoreline function.
- b. Enhancing permanent conservation of private lands to protect and restore the environment for the public good;
- c. Effectively prevent development within major river estuaries, "pocket" estuaries, and floodplains;
- d. Remove small forest landowner riparian exemptions from Hydraulic Code Permits;
- e. Prevent construction of new capital facilities in Coastal Management Zones, except public infrastructure that cannot be built elsewhere, such as wastewater treatment plants and stormwater facilities within urban areas;
- f. Allow for the modification of emergency construction permits to

effectively mitigate damage to the ecosystem. Example Action: • Require that SMP's address climate change. --> Modify the Action Description as follows: "...Improve the single-family residence sections of the Shoreline Management (SMA) and Growth Management Acts (GMA) and provide additional incentives to better protect and restore estuary and floodplains and to prepare for climate change (e.g., sea level rise, increased frequency and intensity of storms, altered hydrology, population influx from climate-migrants, etc.); allow for modifications to emergency construction permits to more effectively mitigate ecosystem damage; etc.)..." We do not see any mention of single-family residences, conservation of private lands, preventing development in key sensitive areas, nor emergency construction permits within the Strategy Profile for Strategy #5. 6.Address fish Prepare and Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include Add Tribes as essential partners in the passage barriers implement reaching an agreement with USACE and action description; and reopen strategies to Tacoma public utilities on adaptive Only dam in our Strait region is on Morse salmon habitat by reestablish management of the Howard Hanson Creek above anadromous zone accelerating runs above Dam juvenile fish passage, convening **strategic planning** existing dams stakeholders to identify barriers and and sequenced and optimize discuss dam removal benefits for fish implementation management and ecosystem functions, adaptive of dams for of projects. management provisions in dam salmon. management and operating plans for dams (including those identified in local salmon recovery plans) to meet instream flow goals, and actions that support fish passage, survival, or reintroduction at the Columbia River and Snake River Dams.

6.Address fish passage barriers and reopen salmon habitat by | barriers accelerating strategic planning and sequenced implementation of projects.

Inventory and assess all fish passage (culverts, dams, etc.). Prioritize and sequence fish passage barrier correction or removal in watersheds.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying priority watersheds and fish passage barrier projects, streamlining funding opportunities for private culverts and barrier removal, supporting utilization of adaptive management of existing guidelines, coding, and laws in place, integrating stormwater data to support salmon health, including stormwater and climate change priorities in transportation plans, supporting landowners to address railroad barriers, addressing flood safety regulation and permit obstacles, engaging tribes and other partners to identify barrier removal projects, improving migration pathways around dams, and supporting Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) compilation and development of statewide strategies that includes prioritization and sequencing of barriers.

Example Action: Minimize the impact of timber harvest by improving forest road maintenance and stabilization, as well as enhancing road decommissioning programs, all of which often include culvert removal (federal agencies, state legislature, state agencies, private timber companies)

--> Add to Action Description after migration pathways around dams,..."improving forest road maintenance and stabilization, as well as enhancing road decommissioning programs,"

7.Understand and Implement plan for future freshwater availability and implement regulations, projects, and voluntary approaches to reduce water demand and encourage conservation, as well as reclaimed wastewater.

and improve technologies, voluntary programs, financial and technical assistance programs, and market-based approaches to reduce water demand and encourage conservation.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include addressing population stress on water supply given decreased snowpack and increased droughts and achieving near-term objectives for water demand and conservation across municipalities, agriculture, industry, and rural domestic water users. Additional opportunities include expanding and accelerating incentives for voluntary action, coordinating regulatory activities, providing ongoing support and monitoring for voluntary programs to inform corrective action, addressing policy/legislative issues related to water laws, and providing easy to understand information on feasible and effective practices to landowners.

Example Actions: 1. Minimize the effects of public water systems on stream flows (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments); 2. Enhance local water conservation and efficiency education, behavior change, and public involvement programs (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, WSU extension offices, water trusts)

--> Add to Action Description after addressing population stress "and effects of public water systems on water supply and stream flows..."

7.Understand and Implement plan for future freshwater availability and implement regulations, projects, and voluntary approaches to reduce water demand and encourage conservation, as well as reclaimed wastewater.

watershed plans that offset impacts from new domestic wells and achieve a net ecological benefit within

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include implementing watershed plans that offset impacts from new domestic permit-exempt wells, updating watershed plans, providing watershed planning guidance at the state-level, and permit-exempt allocating funding to implement projects adapt to changing climate and human that improve streamflow particularly in basins where that has not been conducted. Additional opportunities include monitoring and defining baseline water, as this leads to even greater the watershed. demand and flow conditions, effectiveness and impact monitoring in the context of climate change, updating watershed assessments to understand susceptibility and resilience to development, engaging LIOs to develop watershed scale plans that address local recovery needs, leveraging mitigation certification programs for landowners, utilizing forestry management research and BMPs for watershed health recovery, and evaluating habitat and fish trends at the watershed scale.

Missing Intermediate Action: Enhance local water resource management programs and rules by updating water law and policies to address existing and future water shortages that impact communities' and ecosystems' ability to population increases. For example, proponents of exempt wells should not be allowed to "jump the line" to access appropriation of already over-allocated water resources and infringement on senior water rights.

--> Would love to see more language around "updating water law and policies to address existing and future water shortages" especially in the face of climate change and population increase throughout the region

7.Understand and plan for future freshwater availability and implement regulations, projects, and voluntary approaches to reduce water demand and encourage conservation, as well as reclaimed wastewater.

Understand and plan for future water needs and changing climate and ecosystem conditions by engaging all water users in identify specific water science, technology, management, and conservation.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include supporting proactive planning for how Washington will manage and protect instream habitat and water levels given stress from changing climate conditions and demands/water use priorities of growing human populations. Additional opportunities include developing tools, data sharing systems, and models for Puget Sound instream flow monitoring a watershed to and conservation, initiating specific actions around water science and management, coordinating outreach actions around between watersheds and agencies on water quality and quantity enforcement, supporting technical assistance that is attuned to climate change impacts, and increasing funding and support to guide enforcement of water quantity and quality standards to protect water resources for salmon.

Example Actions: 1. Develop and implement instream flow rules within all Watershed Resource Inventory Areas (WRIA), or parts of the WRIA that have not been completed (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments); 2. Develop and implement local stormwater management programs using an inter-jurisdictional watershed-based approach that overcome institutional barriers to better protect and restore water resources, both quality and quantity. This approach should include incentives to landowners for using LID principles and practices, including vegetation retention, minimizing effective impervious surfaces, and the use of BMPs. (state legislature, state agencies. local governments) -Note: See the complimentary Example Action comment on Strategy #10, Proposed High-Level Action #3 below.; 3. Increase water storage capacity (e.g., off channel, recharge) and reuse of reclaimed water within watersheds (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, water trusts); 4. Increase the efficiency of agricultural water use within watersheds (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, water trusts

We see some of our comments incorporated in here, thank you!

8.Prevent pollution by promoting the development and use of safer alternatives to toxic chemicals and ensuring proper disposal.	Promote the development and use of safer alternatives to toxic chemicals.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include: Educating decision makers on gaps and limitations of existing state and federal regulations, increasing the use and demand for safer alternatives, and passing legislative reform to prevent toxics.	New HIGH LEVEL ACTION NEEDED HERE (and perhaps modifying Strategy 8) to include Marine Plastics and Microplastics (we don't see them listed anywhere else in this plan) as a "toxic chemical of concern"? Perhaps in the HLA, or even the Strategy, say "toxic chemicals AND marine plastics" Action Description: Add in reference to suppliers/consumers (e.g. Requiring SDS for household chemicals, like Roundup, when sold retail)
8.Prevent pollution by promoting the development and use of safer alternatives to toxic chemicals and ensuring proper disposal.	Prioritize, prevent and manage (regulations, permits, and incentives) chemicals of emerging concern.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying, prioritizing and monitoring chemicals of emerging concern (CECs) (including integration of human health risk and thresholds), expanding agency capacity to accelerate planning and regulatory actions, and developing voluntary programs to prevent, remove or treat CECs.	Action Description: Call out research being done by Tacoma Water Center on chemicals of emerging concern and monitoring by Mussel Watch See above as well on referencing microplastics and banning single use items
8.Prevent pollution by promoting the development and use of safer alternatives to toxic chemicals and ensuring proper disposal.	Increase product testing for compliance with consumer and environmental safety rules.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include maintaining existing capacity and funding for product testing, increasing existing capacity, and identifying the human health risks and exposures.	See above for comments, specifically may be able to highlight Tacoma Water Center and Mussel Watch as helping to identify human health risks and exposures

8.Prevent Develop and Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include **Example Action:** Develop or enhance and pollution by implement expanding partnerships with businesses, implement local pesticide and fertilizer promoting the programs that identifying funding for and initiating reduction programs for retailers and development and incentivize, product replacement programs, homeowners and their associations, use of safer rental units, landscape companies, and remove or supporting green chemistry programs, alternatives to replace toxic and initiating product stewardship and other businesses (state legislature, Tribes, toxic chemicals laden products producer responsibility programs. state agencies, local governments, and ensuring with safer conservation districts); Missing proper disposal. alternatives, **Intermediate Result:** Provide funding to ensure their expand local Pollution Prevention proper Specialist Programs that provide technical disposal. assistance and incentives to small businesses within all cities, UGAs, LAMIRDs, and commercially developed rural areas (state legislature, state agencies. local governments) These comments may be better reflected in Strategy 9 and 12? 9.Address fecal Fund, develop, Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include **Example Action:** Establish stable funding pollution and and generating adequate and sustainable sources to fully implement local ongoing Pollution Identification and Correction other cumulative implement funding to support long term PIC water pollution effective local programs, supporting focused (PIC) programs, particularly in rural areas impacts on Puget and tribal community outreach and engagement, with shellfish resources by, for example, Sound through pollution and providing regional support to build providing direct funding to local health total maximum identification program capacity and effectiveness, and jurisdictions using a standardized project cross program collaboration. daily load (TMDL) and correction template. Grant programs for this work plans and (PIC) are inherently inefficient. pollution programs. Many of our comments seem to be identification and incorporated, thank you. Could make it correction (PIC) stronger by highlighting the example for programs, and providing direct funding to local health other jurisdictions using a standardized project mechanisms. template.

9.Address fecal pollution and other cumulative water pollution impacts on Puget Sound through total maximum daily load (TMDL) plans and pollution identification and correction (PIC) programs, and other mechanisms.

Support watershed and the development of cleanup plans such as Total Maximum **Daily Loads** (TMDLs) and other strategies to limit fecal pollution.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include ensuring cleanup plans identify pollution cleanup efforts sources and outline strategies to protect and restore water bodies from the cumulative impacts of point and non-point sources, analyzing the effectiveness of TMDLs, and expanding source measures and indicators needed.

Missing High-Level Action: This High-Level Action is written far too narrowly by only focusing on TMDLs and fecal pollutants. This High-Level Action needs to either: a.) Be completely rewritten to be more inclusive, or b.) An additional High-Level Action needs to be added to this table, to accommodate the following items: 1. Develop and implement TMDLs for sediment, temperature, and dissolved oxygen, in addition to fecal coliform, that are of particular importance in rural areas (federal agencies, state legislature, state agencies, Tribes, local governments); 2 Enhance EPAs ``Straight to Implementation" program that is inherently more efficient than TMDLs (federal agencies, state legislature, state agencies, Tribes, local governments); 3. Expand and implement EPAs CADDIS program that addresses biological impairment of water bodies, including the use of the BIBI indicator (federal agencies, state legislature, state agencies, Tribes, local governments); 4. Improve decision-making and accountability of the Adaptive Management Program for Forest and Fish rules to help protect and improve water quality for key parameters, such as sediment, temperature, and BIBI. (state legislature, state agencies, Forest Practices Board) -Special Note: This comment, in and of itself, is of such significance that it might warrant a totally separate additional High-Level Action for Strategy #9

Strategy 9 mentions "and other cumulative water pollution impacts..." Can we add a new High Level Action or expand this one to include TMDLs for sediment, temperature, and dissolved oxygen? We don't see this comment

			reflected anywhere in the changes to this Action or Action Description.
9.Address fecal pollution and other cumulative water pollution impacts on Puget Sound through total maximum daily load (TMDL) plans and pollution identification and correction (PIC) programs, and other mechanisms.	Help fishers, hikers, and other recreational users understand and reduce the effects of human and pet waste on water quality.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include supporting community outreach and engagement programs and providing adequate facilities and resources.	ADD to Action Description:"identifying barriers (funding, logistical) to increasing access to facilities and resources (e.g. porta potties, doggie waste bins, trash cans)" AND "promote a more regional focus to collaborations and finding better channels for outreach and education." Barriers to note: Many groups (e.g. County, Clallam MRC, Surfrider Foundation) provide some porta potties in popular places but it is definitely not enough, and many access points have been shut down do to human/pet pollution (or no place for the trash bags to be collected); Other key user groups & orgs to consider for Strait region: Surfers, horseback riders, Surfrider, Washington Trails Association, Back Country Horseman, MRCs and counties
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Conduct watershed-scal e planning to protect and restore water quality.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include creating sufficient motivators to incentivize cross-jurisdictional/cross-departmental planning for growth and water resources, undertaking watershed planning processes, and identifying and passing regulations that are adequate to protect stream function, salmon populations, and other water resources.	Example Action: Develop and implement local stormwater management programs using an inter-jurisdictional watershed-based approach that overcome institutional barriers to better protect and restore water resources, both quality and quantity. This approach should include incentives to landowners for using LID principles and practices, including vegetation retention, minimizing effective impervious surfaces, and the use of BMPs. (state legislature, state agencies. local governments) – Note: See the complimentary Example Action comment on Strategy #7, Proposed High-Level Action #29 above.

			> Add to Action Description after undertaking watershed planning processes, "incentivising landowners to use LID principles and practices,"
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Incentivize redevelopmen t in areas associated with high loads of toxic chemicals.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying priority locations—for pilot projects, and based on loading—designing effective programs, and identifying a funding source to pilot efforts.	Action Description: There needs to be major education around this, especially if families would be living in these areas - often times underrepresented overburdened communities and non-English speaking families. Port Angeles Rayonier Mill site is a good example for our region.
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Increase local stormwater management capacity (including funding, staffing resources, and management tools and information).	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include engaging decision makers to increase support for additional stormwater funding and conveying the need for watershed-based planning and stormwater approaches.	Example Actions: 1. Expand local implementation of pollutant source control programs, such as the Pollution Prevention Specialist program, by providing technical assistance and incentives to businesses within all cities, UGAs, LAMIRDs, and commercially developed rural areas (state legislature, state agencies. local governments); 2. Provide the funding and capacity necessary to develop or enhance and implement local pesticide and fertilizer reduction programs for retailers and homeowners and their associations, rental units, landscape companies, and other businesses (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts)

10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Increase and stabilize funding that supports actions, incentives, and local capacity to reduce nutrient loads.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying priority areas for stormwater nutrient reduction, incorporating nitrogen reduction BMPs into stormwater management manuals and plans.	Action Description include: Need stable funding for public and private rain gardens and other LID BMPs; Need stable funding for Agricultural and residential runoff BMPs
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Develop and distribute locally relevant outreach resources to improve public knowledge of nutrient impacts from stormwater and agricultural runoff.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include assessing exiting programs for relevancy and identifying state and local partners to work to develop and disseminate information.	High Level Action Add: Residential as well as Stormwater and Ag Needs to be more than "knowledge of impacts" for public outreach, there needs to be specific actions the general public can take to feel like they can actually "be a part of the solution" Action Description: Change "exiting" to "existing"
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Adjust stormwater permitting requirements or other local government programs to address nutrients in stormwater from residential and commercial lands.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include conducting research on nutrient removal in stormwater BMPs and incorporating nutrient BMPs into stormwater management manuals.	Action Description: Include reference to cumulative impact on a waterbody from various permits

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10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Find and fix toxic hotspots (information, planning, education, funding, and implementatio n).	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying priority hotspots—such as wastewater sources, high loading land-uses, and transportation corridors, incorporating human health and environmental justice into prioritization and securing funding for incentives and pilots to invest in targeted interventions—including source control and treatment.	High Level Action: Why just "toxic hotspots"? Should this include other pollutant hotspots, like nutrients? (E.g. PA Harbor and adjacent lands, Rayonier Mill); Does this HLA include point sources as well as non-point sources as legacy contamination?
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Increase the pace of clean-up of priority contaminated sites (information, planning, funding, implementatio n, monitoring).	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include increasing funding and capacity for the State's clean-up program to undertake agency initiated toxic cleanups, prioritizing cleanups for Puget Sound recovery objectives.	Add to Action Description:"streamlining the legal process" (this is where the real hold up occurs!) Strait ERN example: Languishing clean up of Rayonier site is a bit too long, don't ya think?;
10.Manage stormwater runoff and legacy contamination by improving regulatory frameworks and incentives, including using a comprehensive approach at the site and landscape scales.	Fund, develop, and implement programs to address fecal pollution from encampments.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include developing a strategy to stop fecal pollution from encampments, assessing the near-term needs, and providing adequate resources and facilities.	Just an FYI: This is an issue in rural and smaller jurisdictions, not only in urban and urbanizing areas (Peabody Creek, Dungeness)

11.Reduce and prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving regulatory controls and incentives and investing in new technology.	Develop a permit framework for advanced wastewater treatment to reduce nutrient discharge to Puget Sound and provide technical and financial support for implementatio n.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include implementation of Nutrient General Permit, planning for treatment enhancement, and understanding opportunities for trading programs.	Missing High-Level Action: This High-Level Action is written far too narrowly by only focusing on nutrients. This High-Level Action needs to either: a.) Be completely rewritten to be more inclusive, or b.) An additional High-Level Action needs to be added to this table, to accommodate the following items: 1. Develop and implement the technology and permit framework to address other pollutants, like heavy metals and pharmaceuticals, as part of advanced wastewater treatment systems, not only nutrients (federal agencies, state legislature, state agencies, local governments); 2. Identify and implement safer alternatives to treated sewage sludge disposal and application on public and private lands (state legislature, state agencies, local governments)> Can we change the High-Level Action to read"to reduce nutrient discharge
11.Reduce and prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by	Ensure compliance monitoring, technical assistance, and enforcement to meet wastewater treatment	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include ensuring enough staff capacity and training, monitoring, enforcement, and resources for wastewater treatment plant operations.	and other pollutants, including heavy metals and pharmaceuticals, to Puget Sound" and Add #2 above to the Action Description No staff comments at this time.
improving regulatory controls and incentives and investing in new technology.	plant discharge limits for disease-causin g bacteria and viruses.		

11.Reduce and	Implement	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Action Description additions: Need to
prevent	priority	identifying and prioritizing impacts from	take a more holistic approach when
pollutants from	upgrades of	outfalls to shellfish beds, analyzing	planning for upgrades, like possible
wastewater	municipal and	options for reducing flow, better	damage to habitat (kelp beds damaged
systems (i.e.	industrial	placement, or removal of outfalls, and	by new outfalls);
treatment plants,	wastewater	supporting upgrades identified for	
large and small	facilities in	prioritized facilities.	
scale on-site	urban and		
septic) by	urbanizing		
improving	areas to		
regulatory	reduce		
controls and	disease-causin		
incentives and	g bacteria and		
investing in new	viruses and		
technology.	their effect on		
	Puget sound.		
11.Reduce and	Effectively	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Example Actions: 1. Establish stable
11.Reduce and prevent	Effectively manage and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include generating adequate funding for	Example Actions: 1. Establish stable funding sources to fully implement local
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prevent	manage and	generating adequate funding for	funding sources to fully implement local
prevent pollutants from	manage and control fecal pollution and	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs,
prevent pollutants from wastewater	manage and control fecal pollution and	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e.	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants,	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage systems (OSS)	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other funding sources for OSS maintenance	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide ongoing funding for local governments
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving regulatory	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage systems (OSS) and larger	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other funding sources for OSS maintenance	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide ongoing funding for local governments and NGOs to install and maintain
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving regulatory controls and	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage systems (OSS) and larger onsite sewage	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other funding sources for OSS maintenance	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide ongoing funding for local governments and NGOs to install and maintain restroom and waste disposal facilities in
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving regulatory controls and incentives and	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage systems (OSS) and larger onsite sewage systems	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other funding sources for OSS maintenance	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide ongoing funding for local governments and NGOs to install and maintain restroom and waste disposal facilities in rural areas (state legislature, state agencies, local governments, NGOs)
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving regulatory controls and incentives and investing in new	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage systems (OSS) and larger onsite sewage systems	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other funding sources for OSS maintenance	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide ongoing funding for local governments and NGOs to install and maintain restroom and waste disposal facilities in rural areas (state legislature, state agencies, local governments, NGOs)
prevent pollutants from wastewater systems (i.e. treatment plants, large and small scale on-site septic) by improving regulatory controls and incentives and investing in new	manage and control fecal pollution and disease-causin g bacteria and viruses from small onsite sewage systems (OSS) and larger onsite sewage systems	generating adequate funding for sustained local OSS management program development, implementation and enforcement, strengthening and standardizing local OSS and LOSS management programs, and ensuring landowners have access to and are eligible for incentives, loans and other funding sources for OSS maintenance	funding sources to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account.; 2. Provide ongoing funding for local governments and NGOs to install and maintain restroom and waste disposal facilities in rural areas (state legislature, state agencies, local governments, NGOs)

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11.Reduce and	Prevent and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Action Description additions: Reduce
prevent	reduce	designing and upgrading systems to stop	water use to avoid the need for upgrades;
pollutants from	combined	combined sewer overflow (CSO) events	Increased/continued installation of rain
wastewater	sewer	and researching and supporting	gardens, whether on street corners like
systems (i.e.	overflows.	alternatives to separating combined	PA is doing, or for private homeowners
treatment plants,		sewer systems.	and commercial developers/owners, all
large and small			those BMPs
scale on-site			William to the control of the contro
septic) by			What about climate change effects on
improving			existing infrastructure;
regulatory			
controls and			
incentives and			Strait ERN example: Need to include
investing in new			upgrades for Combined Sewer Overflows
technology.			(Port Angeles and Port Townsend's
			Lawrence Street, etc.; Can outfalls be
			upgraded to accommodate additional
			capacity;
11.Reduce and	Extend	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Action Description additions: Identifying
prevent	centralized	identifying and prioritizing areas where	a funding source for these efforts (e.g.
pollutants from	sewer systems	conditions are not suitable for OSS,	Port Hadlock comes to mind); Need to
wastewater	in areas where	supporting the installation and/or	resolve conflicts with GMA (e.g., Brinnon
systems (i.e.	conditions are	expansion of centralized sewer systems	is not in Urban growth area so more
*	not suitable	in areas where conditions are not	restrictions to connecting to a centralized
large and small	for on-site	suitable, and removing barriers for	sewer system)
scale on-site	sewage	property owners to connect to	
septic) by	systems (OSS).	centralized sewer systems in areas where	
improving		it is accessible.	
regulatory			
controls and			
incentives and			
investing in new			
technology.			

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11.Reduce and prevent	Promote appropriate	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Action Description ideas: Adding tertiary treatment to enable more water reuse,
pollutants from	reclaimed		which would reduce nutrient inputs into
wastewater	water projects		the Puget sound, and provide more
systems (i.e.	to reduce		reclaimed water opportunities, as well as
treatment plants,	pollutant		many other benefits
large and small	loading to		
scale on-site	Puget Sound.		
septic) by			
improving			
regulatory			
controls and			
incentives and			
investing in new			
technology.			
<u> </u>			
12.Reduce and	Facilitate the	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Missing High-Level Action: This
prevent non-point	increased use	prioritizing areas for BMPs, analyzing	High-Level Action is written far too
source pollutants	or	costs and benefits of different BMPs and	narrowly by only focusing on the volume
from agricultural	performance	approaches, ensuring regulatory	of runoff from working lands. This
and forest lands	of best	compliance and ensuring adequate	High-Level Action needs to either: a.) Be
by improving	management	funding and support for voluntary	completely rewritten to be more
outreach and	practices to	incentive-based programs.	inclusive, or b.) An additional High-Level
incentive	reduce	, -	Action needs to be added to this table, to
programs and	pollutants and		accommodate the following water quality
ensuring	the volume of		item (perhaps others) for agricultural and
compliance with	runoff from		working forest lands: Develop and/or
policies.	agricultural		enhance local pesticide and fertilizer
ľ	lands and		reduction programs for agricultural and
	working		forest lands (state legislature, Tribes,
	forests.		state agencies, local governments,
			conservation districts) I see some of our
			comments reflected here, thank you!
			,
12.Reduce and	Implement	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Action Description additions: Reduce
prevent non-point	agricultural	researching to understand BMP	barriers and increase opportunities to
source pollutants	management	effectiveness, identifying opportunities	improve good riparian buffers that would
from agricultural	practices	and priorities for implementing BMPs,	be acceptable but effective in agricultural
and forest lands	proven to	and funding and implementing BMPs.	areas; highlight Voluntary Stewardship
by improving	reduce		Program as a tool
outreach and	nutrient loads.		
incentive			
programs and			
ensuring			
	l		

	I		
compliance with policies.			
12.Reduce and prevent non-point source pollutants from agricultural and forest lands by improving outreach and incentive programs and ensuring compliance with policies.	Expand and improve incentives and education for agricultural land users to motivate voluntary actions for reducing fecal pollution.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include adequately funding the work of voluntary and incentive-based programs, developing targeted outreach and engagement approaches to encourage land users to implement best management practices (BMPs), and supporting the implementation and monitoring of BMPs.	Action Description additions: Improve outreach and education to agriculture owners (again the Voluntary Stewardship Program could be a tool here)
12.Reduce and prevent non-point source pollutants from agricultural and forest lands by improving outreach and incentive programs and ensuring compliance with policies.	Strengthen and implement authorities and programs that prevent fecal pollution from agricultural lands.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include regulatory programs using incentives for best management practice (BMP) implementation to encourage compliance, reducing pollutant discharges to water through effective and funded regulatory requirements, and enforcing regulatory backstops for noncompliance in a timely manner to stop pollution sources.	No staff comments at this time.
12.Reduce and prevent non-point source pollutants from agricultural and forest lands by improving outreach and incentive programs and ensuring compliance with policies.	Facilitate the increased use or performance of best management practices to reduce stream temperatures.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying the co-benefits of implementing of actions within this strategy where reduction in stream temperatures may be achieved.	Action Description additions: Increase shade and amount of vegetation (surface area and quality) by improving buffer zones; removing invasive plants; adding LWD; Need to align regulatory requirements with state incentive programs to meet objectives and supporting landowners in the maintenance of these buffers

13.Implement targeted and adaptive maritime oil spill prevention and safety measures and improve spill response readiness and capacity.

Analyze risk of oil spills and target prevention efforts.

improving Washington State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), transboundary, and associated reviews of projects; assessing and addressing any substantive contemporary changes in maritime shipping and recreational vessel dynamics that could markedly increase or concentrate marine traffic; ensuring past regional risk modeling efforts and vetted guidance inform current and future assessments; maintaining and adapting our transboundary marine safety forums for advancement and coordination of proactive measures.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include | **Example Actions:** 1. Enhance oil spill prevention, preparedness, and response by releasing the Ports and Waterways Safety Assessment from the U.S. Coast Guard to help foster a.) Federal agency policy consistency and coordination and b.) Increase focus on high-risk areas (Risk Mitigation Measure #4, 2016 Salish Sea Mitigation Workshop (federal agencies, Tribes, state agencies); 2. Provide funding to complete all National Resource Damage Assessment baseline valuations within the Puget Sound basin (federal agencies, Tribes, state agencies)

> -->Modify Action Description to include..."provide funding to complete all National Resource Damage Assessment baseline valuations within the Puget Sound basin"

13.Implement targeted and adaptive maritime oil spill prevention and safety measures and improve spill response readiness and capacity.

Strengthen and integrate spill response partners, including federal, state, tribes, local government, and transboundary partners.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include coordinating the newly administered **United States Coast Guard** readiness of all (USCG)response strategies and the Northwest Area Contingency Plan (NWACP) such that consistent policies and tools are deployed to meet foundational and aspirational marine preparedness needs in Puget Sound; ensuring that Washington's spill response standards and tribal nations' interests are incorporated into new federally recognized contingency plans for Sector Puget Sound; providing ongoing coordination with our federal, tribal, state and local contingency planning partners, and the regulated community for these new plans, while enhancing opportunities for local, tribal, academic, nongovernmental, and interested communities to engage.

Example Actions: 1. Enhance and support improvements to regional, Tribal, and local oil spill preparedness, prevention, and response by, for example, supporting participation by Tribal governments, local governments, and a coalition of local organizations such LIOs, as members, in appropriate regional oil spill prevention, preparedness, and response planning efforts; 2. Provide funding to proactively develop policies and procedures on the use of dispersants and in-situ burning well in advance of oil spill events (federal agencies, Tribes, state agencies, oil products and transportation industry); 3. Provide funding to develop and implement technologies and procedures to prepare for and respond to spills involving non-floating oil products (federal agencies, Tribes, state agencies, oil products and transportation industry)

Add to Action Description..."; Provide funding to proactively develop and

13.Implement targeted and adaptive maritime oil spill prevention and safety measures and improve spill response readiness and capacity.	Increase capacity for early local response to spills and seek restoration using the best available science and technology.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include enhancing the capacity, communications, technology and equipment to support effective responses in challenging, yet plausible environmental conditions; improving the long-term funding for—and integration of—local entities and tribes to participate in training, drills, planning, and volunteer development and deployment; ensuring that Geographic Response Plans (GRPs) are grounded in up-to-date habitat assessments that guide Natural Resource Damage Assessment (NRDA) restoration	implement policies, procedures and technologies regarding the use of dispersants, in-situ burning and how to respond to non-floating oil products." Action Description additions: GRPs need to be more accessible by Tribes and local responders (see Ecology's Spills 101 website); Strait GRP update has languished; MSRC was informed even thought not uploaded to Ecology's website
		objectives— and include input to that effect from relevant tribes and local partners.	
14.Monitor and rapidly respond to the introduction and spread of terrestrial and aquatic invasive species.	1 ' '	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include creating an integrated planning approach to protect and enhance biodiversity in the Puget Sound ecosystem, developing and implementing outreach and incentive programs, addressing key invasive species research questions, and using surveillance to detect invasive species and better understand pathways of introduction. Additional opportunities include collaboration on monitoring and mitigation across state and local agencies, establishing regulations for inter and intrastate boat inspections, and specifically educating diverse communities including boaters and K-12 students.	Example Action: 1. Develop or expand, fund, and implement coordinated programs at the local level to identify and educate residents and visitors, to prevent and respond to terrestrial and aquatic invasive species (state legislature, state agencies, local governments, NGOs) > Please add in developing and implementing outreach and incentive programs "for residents and visitors"

16.Protect and restore submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) by expanding public outreach, education, and voluntary programs, ensuring regulatory protection, and implementing restoration projects.

Fully implement and enforce available submerged aquatic vegetation through existing regulations, programs, and policies.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include utilizing marine vegetation data to identify distribution trends and establish priority areas for conservation and protections for recovery; integrating marine vegetation, climate change, and sediment loading considerations into existing policies, programs, and permitting processes, such as Shoreline Master Programs (SMPs); and designing new or retrofits of Management Acts (GMA) and provide existing in-water and over-water structures to avoid impacts to existing and historic eelgrass and kelp habitat.

Example Action – This compliments the comment on Strategy #3, Proposed High-Level Action #17 noted above. Enhance ongoing implementation of local Shoreline and Land Use Management Protection, and Incentive Programs and Plans by: 1. Improve the single-family residence sections of the Shoreline Management (SMA) and Growth additional incentives to better protect and restore marine and freshwater shorelines and to prepare for climate change (e.g., sea level rise, increased frequency and intensity of storms, altered hydrology, population influx from climate-migrants, etc.). Shoreline permitting for single family residences was not designed to minimize cumulative effects within drift cells and along rivers/streams reaches, as well as the compounding effects of actions by adjacent landowners on overall shoreline function.; 2. Enhance permanent conservation of private lands to protect and restore the environment for the public good; 3. Effectively prevent development within major river estuaries, "pocket" estuaries, and floodplains; 4. Remove small forest landowner riparian exemptions from Hydraulic Code Permits; 5. Prevent construction of new capital facilities in Coastal Management Zones, except public infrastructure that cannot be built elsewhere, such as wastewater treatment plants and stormwater facilities within urban areas; 6. Allow for the modification of emergency construction permits to effectively mitigate damage to the ecosystem. Other Example Actions: 1. Develop, fund, implement, and enforce regional sediment management plans within rural freshwater drainages to protect eelgrass and kelp beds (state

			legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts); 2. Develop, fund, implement, and enforce regulations that establish no-anchor zones to protect eelgrass and kelp beds (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments); 3. Require that SMPs address climate change > Modify the Action Description as follows: "Improve the single-family residence sections of the Shoreline Management (SMA) and Growth Management Acts (GMA) and provide additional incentives to better protect key important areas for SAV and to prepare for climate change (e.g., sea level rise, increased frequency and intensity of storms, altered hydrology, population influx from climate-migrants, etc.); allow for modifications to emergency construction permits to more effectively mitigate ecosystem damage; etc.)" We do not see any mention of single-family residences, conservation of private lands, preventing development in key sensitive areas, nor emergency construction permits within the Strategy Profile for Strategy #9.
16.Protect and restore submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) by expanding public outreach, education, and voluntary programs, ensuring regulatory protection, and implementing	i i	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include coordinating research and monitoring efforts with restoration partners to identify areas ecologically suitable for restoration efforts and developing adaptive management strategies.	Action Description additions: Incentives for shellfish farmers/hatcheries to be key players in this process, participating in research and actual growing efforts; A variety of Tribes and NGOs are working on SAV restoration

restoration projects.	effective methods.		
16.Protect and restore submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) by expanding public outreach, education, and voluntary programs, ensuring regulatory protection, and implementing restoration projects.	Target public outreach and education to foster community stewardship, individual responsibility, and collective action to benefit eelgrass and kelp conservation and recovery.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include leveraging existing work groups, coalitions, and partnerships to share information more broadly on the importance of marine vegetation to the Puget Sound, and developing targeted outreach strategies to groups such as the shellfish and kelp harvest communities.	Example Action: 1. Utilize the comprehensive parcel-by-parcel analyses by sharing information, involving, and assisting marine shoreline landowners on the importance of conserving and restoring their properties, including the value of kelp and eelgrass, and risks associated with inaction (Tribes, local governments, conservation districts, land trusts, RFEGs) – Note: This is one of the next steps following implementation of the regional program discussed under Strategy #3, High-Level Action #16 above. > Add this additional opportunity to the Action Description: "; share information, involve, and assist marine shoreline landowners on the importance of conserving and restoring their properties, including the value of kelp and eelgrass, and risks associated with inaction."
16.Protect and restore submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) by expanding public outreach, education, and voluntary programs, ensuring regulatory protection, and implementing restoration projects.	Implement targeted research initiatives to understand the short-and long-term factors driving localized changes in eelgrass and kelp.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include conducting research on the influence of stressors, such as temperature, turbidity, algae blooms, and biological threats, to better understand conditions for successful conservation and restoration. Utilize existing research and monitoring groups to coordinate data collection and analysis and integrate marine vegetation surveys into community science programs.	Example Action: 1. Enhance funding for research and monitoring of eelgrass and kelp bed restoration projects (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, Tribes, local governments, NGOs)> Modify the Action Description to read the following: "Enhance funding for and conduct research on the influence"

17.Promote best practices by boaters to protect water quality and life in **Puget Sound.**

Prevent and remove lost fishing gear through outreach to boaters and gear retrieval programs.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include enhancing reporting of lost equipment on catch reports to Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife; assessing primary factors contributing to lost equipment to provide more targeted fishers and lost education; tracking hotspots for derelict equipment to provide more targeted enforcement and clean-up; considering financial incentives, such as deposits on fishing and crabbing equipment, to promote responsible behavior and fund clean-up efforts.

MISSING HIGH LEVEL ACTION **IDENTIFIED FOR STRATEGY 17:**

Develop or expand, fund, and implement coordinated programs to educate boaters and fund local programs to identify, prevent, and respond to aquatic invasive species (state legislature, state agencies, Tribes, local governments, NGOs)

Action Description: Particularly education and signage at all public boat launches, large and, perhaps small (cleaning, disinfection, enforcement) for both marine and freshwater bodies; include education (flyers) when registering boat licenses and purchasing fish and shellfish harvest licensing; Need more boat inspection stations along highways (like Zebra mussels), like along trucker way stations;

Action Description for #56 additions: Incentive-based and regulatory prevention and gear-retrieval programs

17.Promote best practices by boaters to protect water quality and life in Puget Sound.

Educate boaters about the No Discharge Zone, ensure sufficient and convenient pump-out capacity, and

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include ensuring that Puget Sound ports support High-Level Action is written far too and prioritize supporting the No Discharge Zone in their environmental plans, including by providing and verifying holding tank capacity for vessels using port facilities; developing and distributing educational materials to aquatic invasive species concerns from enforce the No boaters on No Discharge Zone Discharge rule. regulations and available pump-out facilities; expanding enforcement authority to relevant state and federal agencies to conduct inspections and respond to illegal discharges; considering new funding mechanisms to support No Discharge Zone education and

Missing High-Level Action: This narrowly by only focusing on pollutant "discharges" from boats. This High-Level Action needs to either: a.) Be completely appropriately scaled pump-out resources rewritten to be more inclusive, or b.) An additional High-Level Action needs to be added to this table, to accommodate boating activity: Develop or expand, fund, and implement coordinated programs to educate boaters and fund local programs to identify, prevent, and respond to aquatic invasive species (state legislature, state agencies, Tribes, local governments, NGOs)

		compliance, such as a fee at vessel registration or on commercial vessels visiting port facilities.	Is this best reflected here or in Strategy 14? If No Discharge Zone has it's own HLA, perhaps this should be a seperate HLA, as well as reflected in Strategy 14
17.Promote best practices by boaters to protect water quality and life in Puget Sound.	Reduce the abandonment of vessels and expand and accelerate derelict vessel removal programs.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include; understanding and addressing landside housing affordability issues to reduce frequency and intensity of unmaintained liveaboards anchored in Puget Sound; developing targeted education and outreach strategies for marinas, retailers, registration offices, and vessel owners; coordinating patrols by federal and state agencies to identify potentially derelict vessels and proactively deliver appropriate outreach and enforcement; expanding state and federal funding for derelict vessel removal programs through new and existing mechanisms.	High Level Action: Can we include derelict docks as well (e.g. Makah) Action Description: Need more coordination between state programs and local jurisdictions (counties, cities, ports); working with Tribes within their marinas - position to get them out of water, payment/funding support, ownership transfer for easier cleanup; reference Mycoast app - derelict vessel reporting tool integrated in Major barrier: DNR program - not enough funding even with reimbursement
17.Promote best practices by boaters to protect water quality and life in Puget Sound.	Promote implementation of and compliance with laws and guidelines for boaters and vessels to protect orca.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include expanding the pool of observers and technologies that provide real-time orca sightings to the Whale Report Alert System through Quiet Sound and key partners; developing an innovative social marketing campaign to complement and enhance the effectiveness of existing outreach organizations in promoting safer boating behavior around orcas; expanding the use of mixed media and signage to highlight opportunities to view orcas from land; discouraging out-of-state and less experienced boaters from approaching orcas with the vessels they rent/charter/share.	Missing Intermediate Result (?): Research, develop, and implement quieter propulsion alternatives for boats and other vessels for the benefit of orca and other marine life (federal agencies, state legislature, state agencies) > Add this additional opportunity to the Action Description: "; Research, develop, and implement quieter propulsion alternatives for boats and other vessels"

18.Understand and build awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions on **Puget Sound.**

Research, identify, and monitor the individual and cumulative impacts and change on the **Puget Sound** socio-ecologic al system.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include increasing research and monitoring on impacts, including the compounding impacts, of climate stressors such as ocean acidification, sea surface and stream temperature on the Puget Sound risks of climate socio-ecological system; increasing research and monitoring to adopt frameworks connecting human wellbeing to ecosystem health to evaluate the impacts of climate change on the holistic health—including mental, Sound residents, particularly overburdened communities; increasing research and monitoring of regional methane emissions, and opportunities and strategies to decrease methane emissions and increase methane sequestration; increasing research and monitoring of economic consequences of climate change and the with building climate resilience; and developing, analyzing, and applying the Puget Sound Partnership alternative future scenarios to explore and express desired futures and evaluate trade-offs among possible approaches

Modify the opening statement within the Action Description as follows: "Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include increasing research and monitoring on impacts that is comprehensive, current, and independently conducted, including..." Please see the footnotes on pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why it's important to include the phrase "comprehensive, current, and independently conducted" within this emotional, and physical health—of Puget modified Action Description (see this link https://static1.squarespace.com/static/6 0e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5a1 898562e220687c6/1638207322484/Strai tERN 2022WAStateLegislativePriorities F INAL_2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait Legislative Priorities and Example Actions were sent to both the Leadership Council and 24th District Legislators in November 2021. They were also discussed with the socio-economic opportunities associated Leadership Council at their December 9, 2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings.

> Also, make specific reference to UW's Climate Impacts Group as a key scientific resource somewhere within the Action Description.

18.Understand and build awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions on Puget Sound.

Develop targeted engagement campaigns to educate and empower residents, including youth, about the effects, risks, and opportunities to reduce emissions and decrease the vulnerability of the Puget Sound and its communities to climate change.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include increasing awareness of resources and accessibility of relevant information (e.g., through language translation and use of open-source resources) to empower residents to decrease their greenhouse gas emissions and advocate for climate action.

Missing Intermediate Result:

• Increase climate migrant awareness and understanding of the concept of "shifting baselines" in Puget Sound and what they can do to reduce GHG emissions, sequester C, adapt, and improve resilience within their new communities. (Note: New people moving here don't necessarily have the knowledge or appreciation as to what we've already lost and the risks that climate change poses. As a reference, check out this You Tube video from the Partnership archives back in 2008:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nkU EYbCSTnkhttps://www.youtube.com/wat ch?v=nkUEYbCSTnk) --> Our December 10, 2021 comment above on High-Level Action #132 above was missing from this spreadsheet. Modify the High Level Action to read the following: "Develop targeted engagement campaigns to educate residents, visitors, and climate migrants, including youth..." Also, Add the following 2022-2026 opportunity to the Action Description: "...; increase climate migrant awareness and understanding of the concept of "shifting baselines" in Puget Sound and what they can do to reduce GHG emissions, sequester C, adapt, and improve resilience within their new communities"

18.Understand and build awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions on Puget Sound.

Develop targeted engagement campaigns to educate and empower decision makers and relevant professionals about the effects, risks, and opportunities to reduce emissions and decrease the vulnerability of campaigns. the Puget Sound socio-ecologic al system to climate change.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include funding and implementing trainings to teach decision makers and relevant professionals how to discuss climate change with communities, including youth, disproportionately impacted communities, and business owners; supporting effective communication of climate risks and opportunities by leaders and decision makers to promote legislative action; identifying opportunities for businesses and communities to address climate change impacts; and collaborating with climate change communication experts to support development and implementation of engagement

Modify the two following Action
Description phrases as follows: "...how to
discuss climate change with
communities, including youth,
disproportionately impacted
communities, business owners, business
groups, and unions;..." AND "...;
identifying opportunities for businesses,
business groups, unions,
disproportionately impacted
communities, and youth to address
climate change impacts;..."

18.Understand and build awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions on **Puget Sound.**

Consider, support, and implement, as appropriate, the ons from the Washington Climate Assembly final report that relate to building awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include providing trainings for non-tribal partners, engagement opportunities and other forms of ongoing support to increase recognition of tribal treaty recommendati | rights and strengthen meaningful collaboration between tribal and non-tribal entities; increasing education about carbon emissions and increase carbon emission transparency in manufacturing and other related industries; funding new and/or updating and requiring age-appropriate curriculum on the causes of climate change and renewable energy in preK-12 public schools; and creating accessible public outreach campaigns on climate change.

An Explanation of Value to the Puget Sound basin - This "peoples assembly" was the first ever in Washington State and the U.S. that was devoted to climate change. The 77 Washington Climate Assembly members were recruited to reflect the makeup of Washington State's population, including those from the Puget Sound basin. See this link to the full WA Climate Assembly report, including demographic criteria, sortition process, and the recommendations for more information: https://81a84cbc-5f71-4d22-9287-6f567d f5d228.filesusr.com/uqd/09fdff 7123b8b 71d304311b075bd5d8460eb06.pdf. The WA Climate Assembly, as a deliberative democracy tool, provided an opportunity for residents to develop and express well informed solutions to the climate crisis in the form of recommendations for consideration by the State Legislature and others. It served as a voice for the people! Each of the recommendations could selectively be used to support improvements in legislation and policy, as well as funding for projects and programs, that are important to LIOs and their respective member governments

and organizations and regional entities.

18.Understand and build awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions on **Puget Sound.**

(transboundar y, federal, tribal, state, and local) and private initiatives that decrease the magnitude of climate change, advance adaptation, and increase socio-ecologic al resilience to climate change

Support public Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include collaborating across local, regional, and state-wide organizations to create a comprehensive, widely accessible network of climate data, information, resources, best practices, and shared strategies; increasing research on and elevating existing work on innovative technologies that decrease emissions, increase sequestration, and advance climate adaptation; and advancing science, integrating Indigenous climate change knowledge, and improving best management practices to increase effective climate adaptation in riparian areas and floodplains.

Modify the High-Level Action to read the following: "Support public (transboundary, federal, Tribal, state, and local) and private initiatives that decrease the magnitude of climate change and advance climate adaptation and resilience"

18.Understand and build awareness of the effects of changing climate and ocean conditions on **Puget Sound.**

Implement multi-benefit projects and programs that synergistically Sound recovery goals and reduce greenhouse gas emissions, increase greenhouse gas sequestration in Puget Sound ecosystems, increase climate adaptation, and promote climate resilience.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include sharing opportunities to use climate change as an opportunity to create more equitable and resilient communities, economies, and businesses; and advance Puget | developing and sharing urban forestry management practices that use revised model laws and incentives to support mature tree retention on public and private property.

Modify the following phrases within the Action Description to read the following: "...use climate change as an opportunity to create more equitable and resilient communities, economies, and businesses that reduce greenhouse gas emissions, sequester carbon, and adapt to changing conditions;..." AND "...; and developing and sharing rural, suburban. and urban forestry management and shoreline practices that use revised model laws and incentives to support tree retention and submerged aquatic vegetation on public and private property and tidelands..."

18.Understand Develop and Develop and implement social marketing | General Comment on Intermediate and build implement (behavior change) strategies to pivot **Result #b:** Add the phrase to read the awareness of the social climate related behaviors. following "Develop programs to effects of marketing incentivize employers in Puget Sound to changing climate (behavior implement employee commute reduction and ocean change) programs in areas where they are not conditions on strategies to currently mandated." --> Modify the Puget Sound. pivot climate Action Description to read the following: related "Develop and implement social marketing behaviors. (behavior change) strategies, including incentives, to pivot climate related behaviors of residents, visitors, and climate migrants, as well as businesses and their employees (e.g., commute reduction programs)" 19.Advance and Develop and Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include Modify the following Action Description support efforts to implement creating a system that limits fossil fuel phrase as follows: "...; building on state reduce plans, emissions by capping pollution amounts legislation to strengthen commercial greenhouse gas regulations, and requiring polluters to buy building efficiency in partnerships with emissions and and incentives allowances to pollute. Revenue from the cities, counties, businesses and chambers increase carbon to reduce sale will be invested into green energy of commerce, and other appropriate sequestration. greenhouse and other climate efforts; implementing organizations;..." a carbon tax that reflects the true price gas emissions from all of carbon, reinvests revenue in green sources, solutions, and impacts communities equitably; fully implementing the Clean especially Fuel Standards Act and Clean Energy primary emitting Transformation Act; building on state sources (those |legislation to strengthen commercial that account building efficiency in partnerships with for more than cities, businesses, and organizations; 16 percent of transitioning commercial and residential buildings from use of fossil fuels to emissions) including land electricity (e.g., heat pump retrofit use and programs); increasing use of renewables, transportation; decreasing use of fossil fuels, and electricity; promoting the creation of circular economies; and decarbonizing the residential, commercial, energy grid, integrating it with other states' grids and increasing its efficiency and industrial building; and so it serves communities across the heating. region equitably.

19.Advance and support efforts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and increase carbon sequestration.

Implement multi-benefit projects and programs that synergistically Sound recovery goals and reduce greenhouse gas emissions, increase greenhouse gas sequestration ecosystems, increase climate adaptation, and promote climate resilience.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include expanding broadband access to develop a smart energy grid and increase opportunities for remote work; creating programs to build green buildings and advance Puget | equitably house people in affordable green buildings; purchasing easements from landowners to protect carbon sequestration resources; expanding support for farmers and encouraging regenerative agriculture practices; encourage protection of existing tree canopy to ensure regionally sequestered carbon is preserved; and pursuing equitable economic policy levers to in Puget Sound increase access to renewable energy.

Modify the following phrases within the Action Description: "...; purchasing easements from and offering incentives to landowners to protect carbon sequestration resources;..." AND "...; expanding WSU extension and Conservation District support for farmers and encouraging regenerative agriculture practices;..." AND "...; and pursuing equitable economic policy levers to increase access to renewable energy (e.g., community solar projects)."

19.Advance and When this Action Description is drafted, Monitor, Key opportunities for 2022-2026 **support efforts to** evaluate, and linclude... be sure to include the following reduce assess the statement: "Ensure that monitoring, greenhouse gas effectiveness evaluation, and assessment of the emissions and of greenhouse effectiveness of greenhouse gas reduction programs and projects are increase carbon gas reduction sequestration. programs and comprehensive, current, and independently conducted, evaluated, and projects. reported, as well as funded for the long-term;..." Please see the footnotes on pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why it's important to include the phrase "comprehensive, current, and independently conducted, evaluated, and reported" within this modified Action Description (see this link https://static1.squarespace.com/static/6 0e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5a1 898562e220687c6/1638207322484/Strai tERN 2022WAStateLegislativePriorities F INAL 2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait Legislative Priorities and Example Actions were sent to both the Leadership Council and 24th District Legislators in November 2021. They were also discussed with the Leadership Council at their December 9, 2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings.

19.Advance and support efforts to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and increase carbon sequestration.

Develop and implement land use and transportation planning to reduce energy use and greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to the effects of climate change.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include reducing the carbon intensity of fossil fuels used for transportation and electricity generation; reevaluating public transportation routes and developing corridor prioritization to ensure equitable and efficient public transportation; increasing the electrification of the transportation sector (including passenger vehicles, trucks, and freight) and increasing the funding, availability, and access to support transition; distinguishing rural from urban needs and solutions, when developing and implementing land use and transportation policies and plans; decreasing barriers and increasing incentives for development within small rural cities (including Urban Growth Areas and Local Areas of More Intense Rural Development (LAMIRDs)); and supporting reductions in greenhouse gas emissions from the transportation system while ensuring that rural transit services are maintained.

Example Actions for #d: 1. Ensure that State regulations and policies do not disincentivize new development inside urbanized areas within rural geographies - While effective stormwater and land use management is an ongoing need, development within smaller rural cities, as well as Urban Growth Areas (UGAs) and Local Areas of More Intense Rural Development (LAMIRDs), should be made easier and well incentivized. (state legislature, state agencies, local governments); 2. Mitigate potentially unequal impacts of statewide climate policies on rural communities and on workers within impacted industries -Support both transportation system-wide reductions in GHG emissions and ensure that transitioning public transit to zero-emissions will not reduce rural transit service (state legislature, state agencies, local governments) --> No updated comments necessary. Thank you for incorporating our comments into the Action Description!

19.Advance and **support efforts to** expand, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions and increase carbon sequestration.

Develop, improve financial and technical incentive programs that protect, promote, and support carbon sequestration and emissions reduction.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include starting new markets in both rural and urban settings that incentivize mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions and carbon sequestration; incentivizing the use of renewable energy in commercial and residential buildings; educating residents of Puget Sound on programs, incentives, financial options, and energy-saving technologies; incentivizing car companies to transition production to of gas and diesel vehicles; considering the full carbon budget of the forest ecosystems, including particularly carbon enhanced employment in our forests, storage in forests, soils, kelp forests, and blue carbon as well as the full suite of ecosystem services; considering the opportunity and value for enhanced carbon sequestration of state-managed forest lands to generate income that supports funding enhanced employment in our forests, schools, fire districts, governments, and other taxing district; and managing for carbon sequestration and other ecosystem values should be developed jointly by Tribes and state agencies and guided by best available science.

Example Actions for #b: 1. Consider the full carbon budget of the forest ecosystems, including particularly carbon storage in forests, soils, kelp forests, and blue carbon (https://www.pnwbluecarbon.org/), as well as the full suite of ecosystem services. (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, NGOs; 2. Consider the opportunity for enhanced carbon electric vehicles and suspend production seguestration and a host of other values on our state-managed forest lands to generate income that supports funding schools, fire districts, governments, and other taxing district. (state legislature, state agencies, local governments); 3. Management for carbon sequestration and other ecosystem values should be developed jointly by Tribes and state agencies and guided by Best Available Science, including research that is comprehensive, current, and independently conducted. (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies) --> Add the following phrase to the following opportunity for 2022-2026: "...developed jointly by Tribes and state agencies and guided by best available science, including research that is comprehensive, current, and independently conducted". Please see the footnotes on pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why it's important to include the phrase "and guided by research that is comprehensive, current, and independently conducted" within this modified Action Description (see this link https://static1.squarespace.com/static/ 60e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5 a1898562e220687c6/1638207322484/St raitERN 2022WAStateLegislativePrioritie s FINAL 2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait

			
			<u>Legislative Priorities and Example Actions</u>
			were sent to both the Leadership Council
			and 24th District Legislators in November
			2021. They were also discussed with the
			Leadership Council at their December 9,
			2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings.
19.Advance and	Increase and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Add the following sentence to the Action
support efforts to	ensure	researching, funding, and utilization of	Description as another key opportunity:
reduce	institutional	low carbon technologies, including	"; Ensure that research and monitoring
greenhouse gas	infrastructure	battery technology, energy storage, and	efforts are comprehensive, current, and
emissions and	and funding	distribution.	independently conducted, evaluated, and
increase carbon	for research		reported." Please see the footnotes on
sequestration.	and		pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative
	monitoring to		Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why
	explore, track,		it's important to include this sentence
	and evaluate		within this modified Action Description
	the efficacy		(see this link
	and feasibility		https://static1.squarespace.com/static/6
	of carbon		0e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5a1
	sequestration		898562e220687c6/1638207322484/Strai
	and emissions		tERN 2022WAStateLegislativePriorities F
	reduction.		INAL_2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait
			Legislative Priorities and Example Actions
			were sent to both the Leadership Council
			and 24th District Legislators in November
			2021. They were also discussed with the
			Leadership Council at their December 9,
			2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings.
			Also, modify the existing Action
			Description language as follows:
			"energy storage, and distribution, as
			well as carbon sequestration in forests,
			soils, and as blue carbon".

	ı	T	T
19.Advance and	Quantify and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Add the following sentence to the Action
support efforts to	maximize	supporting, advancing, and conducting	Description as another key opportunity:
reduce	carbon	research and monitoring on the efficacy	"Ensure that research and monitoring
greenhouse gas	sequestration	and feasibility of carbon sequestration in	efforts are comprehensive, current, and
emissions and	benefits of	Puget Sound ecosystems.	independently conducted, evaluated, and
increase carbon	habitat		reported." Please see the footnotes on
sequestration.	protection and		pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative
	restoration		Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why
	projects.		it's important to include this sentence
			within this modified Action Description
			(see this link
			https://static1.squarespace.com/static/6
			0e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5a1
			898562e220687c6/1638207322484/Strai
			tERN 2022WAStateLegislativePriorities F
			INAL_2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait
			Legislative Priorities and Example Actions
			were sent to both the Leadership Council
			and 24th District Legislators in November
			2021. They were also discussed with the
			Leadership Council at their December 9,
			2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings.
40.41		 	Addate falls to a second of the last
19.Advance and	Implement	Key opportunities for 2022-2026	Add the following opportunity to the
	and improve	include	Action Description: "Key opportunities for
reduce	natural and		2022-2026 include guidance and funding
greenhouse gas	anthropogenic		to develop and implement local and
emissions and	emissions		Tribal action plans that include emission
increase carbon	accounting		accounting tools and inventories that are
sequestration.	tools and		scientifically sound;"
	inventories at		
	the local,		
	regional, state,		
	and tribal		
	levels.		
	l	<u>l</u>	

19.Advance and **support efforts to** support, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions and increase carbon sequestration.

Consider, implement, as appropriate, the ons from the Washington Climate Assembly final report that relate to reducing greenhouse gas emissions and increasing carbon sequestration.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include encouraging green modes of transportation and less travel; increasing funding and access to electric vehicles and other green modes of transporation; recommendati incentivizing the use and installation of renewable energy infrastructure in buildings; researching and funding the shift to low carbon new technologies; reinforcing and funding the renewable energy storage and distribution infrastructure and systems to increase the capacity of renewables; expanding support for farmers and encourage regenerative agriculture practices and employing best practices for increasing carbon sequestration; improving forest management by reforesting and conserving natural lands; mandating zero waste initiatives and funding new avenues to reduce waste and create a circular economy; and incentivizing the retirement of nonrenewable materials.

General Comment on Intermediate Result #k: Add the phrase to read the following "Improve forest management by reforesting and conserving natural lands, and employing best practices for increasing carbon sequestration." --> Add this phrase to the forest management opportunity within the Action Description: "...improving forest management by reforesting and conserving natural lands, and employing best practices for increasing carbon sequestration;..."

General Comment on Intermediate Result ID #o: Add the phrase to read the following "Increase cooperation among tribal, local, and state governments and public-private businesses by providing funding to develop and financial incentives to administer and implement local climate action plans." --> Add this additional opportunity to the Action Description: "...; increase cooperation among tribal, local, and state governments and public-private businesses by providing funding to develop and financial incentives to administer and implement local climate action plans;..."

An Explanation of Value to the Puget Sound basin - This "peoples assembly" was the first ever in Washington State and the U.S. that was devoted to climate change. The 77 Washington Climate Assembly members were recruited to reflect the makeup of Washington State's population, including those from the Puget Sound basin. See this link to the full WA Climate Assembly report, including demographic criteria, sortition process,

and the recommendations for more information: https://81a84cbc-5f71-4d22-9287-6f567d f5d228.filesusr.com/ugd/09fdff_7123b8b 71d304311b075bd5d8460eb06.pdf. The WA Climate Assembly, as a deliberative democracy tool, provided an opportunity for residents to develop and express well informed solutions to the climate crisis in the form of recommendations for consideration by the State Legislature and others. It served as a voice for the people! Each of the recommendations could selectively be used to support

20.Integrate climate adaptation and resilience into all strategies to protect and restore ecosystems and human wellbeing.

Implement multi-benefit projects and programs that synergistically Sound recovery goals and reduce greenhouse gas emissions, increase greenhouse gas sequestration ecosystems, increase climate adaptation, and promote climate resilience.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include identifying and addressing climate change risks to ensure resilience and reliability of infrastructure necessary for transportation (including roads, culverts, advance Puget and bridges), communication, wastewater treatment, stormwater management, and power; developing strategies to protect and restore aquatic habitats that provide refuge for sensitive species and support resilience from climate-related impacts; addressing wildfire risks at the urban/forest interface by reducing human-caused ignitions, updating codes to include and in Puget Sound provide education about fire reduction practices, and increasing capacity to swiftly respond to and contain wildfires; enhancing incentives for public and private landowners to conserve, protect, treat, reuse, reclaim, and infiltrate freshwater resources; developing climate-resilient forest management practices (including commercial forestry) and reforestation approaches to reduce risks of drought and wildfire, as well as increase snowpack and low summer streamflow; enhancing retention of working forest land held by small forest landowners; restoring and acquiring areas that provide flood conveyance, slow water, and deposit sediment during Action Description! frequent, "ordinary" flood events by reconnecting the floodplain; expanding usage of Low Impact Development techniques (e.g. rain gardens) to increase stormwater system capacity; adapting hatchery practices and systems to reduce vulnerability of shellfish and salmonid species; updating the Growth Management Act (GMA) to better consider climate change impacts, adaptation, and resilience; advocating for state-wide changes in hatchery management practices (e.g. increases in

Example Action for #d:1. Expand local capacity to educate and assist landowners to work proactively to address the oncoming effects of climate change (e.g., increasing drought and flooding) on water quantity including fish passage and stream flow. (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, WSU Extension, NGOs); Example Action for #d: 1. Expand local capacity to educate and assist landowners to work proactively to address the oncoming effects of climate change (e.g., increasing drought, flooding, and increased atmospheric temperatures) on water quality including dissolved oxygen, water temperature, sediment, and various pollutant loads (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments, conservation districts, WSU Extension, NGOs); General Comment on Intermediate Result ID #c: Add the phrase to read the following "Address wildfire risks at the urban/forest interface through reducing human-caused ignitions, updating codes to include, and provide education of, fire reduction practices, and increasing wildfire workforce. --> No updated comments necessary. Thank you for including our comments within the

20.Integrate climate adaptation and resilience into all strategies to protect and restore ecosystems and human wellbeing.	Increase legislative support to accelerate funding and implementatio n of projects, programs, and initiatives that reduces emissions and decreases the vulnerability of the Puget Sound socio-ecologic al system to changing climate and ocean conditions.	shading, augmenting flows with cooler groundwater); and expanding local capacity to educate and assist landowners to work proactively to address future effects of climate change on water quantity and quality Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include establishing mechanisms for funding and financing climate resiliency responses; funding local collaborative efforts to gain basic technical understanding of resilience and identifying information needed to fill data gaps; and creating policies that address the disproportionate health impacts of climate change on overburdened communities.	General Comment: Add the following Intermediate Result "Provide funding for local collaborative efforts to gain a common technical understanding of resiliency and to identify relevant ecological or sociological information needed to fill data gaps to better prepare for climate change."> No updated comments necessary. Thank you for including our comments within the Action Description!
20.Integrate climate adaptation and resilience into all strategies to protect and restore ecosystems and human wellbeing.	Develop and enhance guidance on best practices to reduce emissions and risks and adapt to most impactful climate stressors.	updating local, regional, state, and tribal guidance and planning documents to require the integration of adequate and timely responses to changing climate and ocean conditions.	General Comment on Intermediate Result ID #a: Add the phrase to read the following "Update local, regional, state, and tribal guidance and planning documents to require climate planning, and support appropriate and timely responses to changing climate conditions> No updated comments necessary. Thank you for including our comments within the Action Description!

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20.Integrate	Increase	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Modify the High-Level Action to read the
climate	availability of	establishing and formalizing a	following: "Increase availability of data,
adaptation and	data, tools and	state-wide, systems-level leadership	tools, and training and technical capacity
resilience into all	training and	structure (e.g., Interagency Climate	of partners in the recovery community to
strategies to	technical	Adaptation Network).	reduce the magnitude of and
protect and	capacity of		vulnerability to climate change, and
restore	partners in the		advance adaptation of the Puget Sound
ecosystems and	recovery		socio-ecological system."
human wellbeing.	community to		
	reduce		
	emissions and		
	vulnerability		
	and advance		
	adaptation of		
	the Puget		
	Sound		
	socio-ecologic		
	al system.		
20.Integrate	Ensure that	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	No comments
climate	overburdened	building capacity (e.g. leadership,	
adaptation and	and	community awareness and education)	
resilience into all	marginalized	for resilience within overburdened and	
strategies to	communities	vulnerable communities to support	
protect and	are welcomed	climate actions and advocacy; advancing	
restore	and engaged	community leadership by investing in	
ecosystems and	as full partners	long-term partnerships, capacity	
human wellbeing.	and support	building, and community-driven policy	
	the priorities	and decision-making processes; and	
	identified by	creating opportunities and elevate	
	communities	community voices, including youth	
	when working	voices, by engaging community and	
	to decrease	youth leaders around decision-making,	
	_	climate action, and advocacy.	
	of climate		
	change,		
	advance		
	climate change		
	adaptation,		
	and increase		
	socio-ecologic		
	al resilience to		
	climate		
	change.		

20.Integrate climate adaptation and resilience into all strategies to protect and restore ecosystems and human wellbeing.	Increase habitability and resiliency of the Puget Sound region through regreening urban spaces.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include providing assistance in municipalities to support urban forest management that is climate informed and includes fire-adapted community strategies and expanding urban and community forestry and updates to the Evergreen Communities Act.	No comments
20.Integrate climate adaptation and resilience into all strategies to protect and restore ecosystems and human wellbeing.	Ensure that tribal sovereignty and treaty rights are honored when working to decrease the magnitude of climate change, advance climate change adaptation, and increase socio-ecologic al resilience to climate change.		Explanatory Note: Here's the citation for "Free, prior and informed consent" footnote: United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, 2007, Article 19: States shall consult and cooperate in good faith with the indigenous peoples concerned through their own representative institutions in order to obtain their free, prior and informed consent before adopting and implementing legislative or administrative measures that may affect them. Go to https://www.un.org/esa/socdev/unpfii/d ocuments/DRIPS_en.pdf AND https://www.un.org/development/desa/indigenouspeoples/declaration-on-the-rights-of-indigenous-peoples.html "Free, prior and informed consent" is a key part of one of the overarching Strait ERN's Legislative Priorities and Example Actions submitted to the Leadership Council and the 24th District Legislator on November 22, 2021 and discussed within them in meetings afterward. Go to the "Our Current Work" section of the "Our Work" page on the Strait ERN website: https://www.straitern.org/our-work to download a copy.

Please change the punctuation for this phrase to the following: "free, prior and informed consent". An Explanation of Value to the Puget 20.Integrate Consider, Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include climate Sound basin - This "peoples assembly" support, and ensuring a just transition for workers adaptation and implement, as entering green jobs; increasing was the first ever in Washington State and the U.S. that was devoted to climate resilience into all appropriate, community resilience and access to the change. The 77 Washington Climate strategies to nature in all places (urban, suburban, protect and recommendati rural and wild places); encouraging Assembly members were recruited to restore reflect the makeup of Washington State's ons from the community land use; prioritizing ecosystems and Washington equitable financial investments in population, including those from the human wellbeing. Puget Sound basin. See this link to the full Climate community-driven and community-based climate solutions and Assembly final WA Climate Assembly report, including report that opportunities; and honoring and demographic criteria, sortition process, and the recommendations for more relate to strengthening tribal sovereignty. integrating *information:* adaptation https://81a84cbc-5f71-4d22-9287-6f567d and resilience f5d228.filesusr.com/uad/09fdff 7123b8b 71d304311b075bd5d8460eb06.pdf. The into all WA Climate Assembly, as a deliberative strategies to protect and democracy tool, provided an opportunity restore for residents to develop and express well informed solutions to the climate crisis in ecosystems and human the form of recommendations for wellbeing. consideration by the State Legislature and others. It served as a voice for the people! Each of the recommendations could selectively be used to support improvements in legislation and policy, as well as funding for projects and programs, that are important to LIOs and their respective member governments and organizations and regional entities.

21.Ensure that the Ensure place wellbeing derived attachments from place attachments among all residents of Puget | are Sound is recognized, understood, and respected.

among all residents of **Puget Sound** recognized, understood, and respected. Increase knowledge in the Puget Sound recovery community around residents' senses of place and the role that place attachment may and/or could play in recovery, including the connection to environmental stewardship (e.g., use data and analysis from the Puget Sound HWB survey).

Increase access to and knowledge of publicly owned Puget Sound shorelines and the marine ecosystem.

Engage social scientists to work with Puget Sound communities to better understand social relationships, connectedness, and senses of belonging in Puget Sound.

Continue human wellbeing vital sign survey implementation and integration of results into planning, management, and communications.

Implement community-tailored place attachment surveys and/or other studies in order to more fully capture a more accurate understanding of diverse residents' place attachments.

Integate place attachment as a key goal or outcome for restoration activities.

Integrate place attachment as a key goal or outcome in education, outreach, communications, and engagement efforts.

Modify the Action Description phrases as follows: "Integrate place attachment as a key goal or outcome for both protection and restoration activities" AND "Integrate place attachment as an assessment measure for protection and restoration activities, stewardship, recreation, education, outreach, and engagement efforts" AND "Engage social scientists, in partnership with Tribes, local governments, and local NGOs, to work with Puget Sound communities to better understand social relationships, connectedness, and senses of belonging in Puget Sound."

Integrate place attachment as a key goal or outcome in stewardship and recreation efforts.

Integrate place attachment as an assessment measure for restoration activities, stewardship, recreation, education, outreach, and engagement efforts.

Include place attachment as a potential factor in ecosystem recovery conflict.

Engage diverse communities to identify and prioritize place attachment and sites of attachment in the region, when or if culturally appropriate.

Ensure diverse geographic sites are protected and/or restored for place attachment purposes, when or if culturally appropriate.

Support and increase place attachment research opportunities in the region, including those focused on frontline and/or overburdened communities.

Support the integration and application of place attachment tools, frameworks, or resources in regional recovery efforts.

21.Ensure that the wellbeing derived from place attachments among all residents of Puget Sound is recognized, understood, and respected.	visibility of mental health connections to a healthy	Manage and preserve natural areas for stress reduction, motivation, and long-term place attachments. Collaborate with public health and land and shoreline use organizations to determine best practices (e.g., Healthy Parks, Healthy People).	No comments
22.Expand and promote equitable access to information and opportunities for engagement for responsible outdoor recreation and stewardship actions.	Engage communities to increase knowledge of responsible use, Tribal treaty rights, and sovereign interests and define opportunities that foster increased and responsible recreation opportunities within natural environments.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include increasing the number of protection, restoration, and stormwater management/retrofit projects that include multi-use elements, using schools to connect with communities, promoting communal gardening spaces and food forests on publicly owned lands, and encouraging private development to integrate welcoming access to open spaces and waterways.	Modify the following Action Description phrase as follows: ", by providing funding to schools and place-based education facilities (e.g., nature centers) to connect with communities,"
22.Expand and promote equitable access to information and opportunities for engagement for responsible outdoor recreation and stewardship actions.	approaches to protect,	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include the development and distribution of locally-relevant information and increasing public signage and other forms of education throughout public spaces about individual actions to protect and restore Puget Sound.	No comments

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22.Expand and	Identify and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Modify the following Action Description
promote	remove	increasing funding and support for local	phrase to read the following: "engaging
equitable access	barriers	advocacy groups that work directly with	with overburdened communities to
to information	resulting in the	overburdened communities, assessing	assess and work to resolve barriers to
and opportunities	exclusion of	equitable distribution of recreational	accessing"
for engagement	people from	opportunities, and engaging with	Ğ
for responsible	1' '	overburdened communities to assess	
outdoor	recreation and	barriers to accessing natural	
recreation and	stewardship	environments in Puget Sound.	
stewardship	activities.		
actions.	detivities.		
actions.			
23.Promote	Engage with	Action: Build new relationships and offer	To be consistent with other Action
transparent and	community	communication that speaks to a myriad	Descriptions, strike the word "Action:" as
inclusive	groups,	of human values related to	this is a description, not a specific action.
governance that	educational	environmental goals (e.g., human health	:-)
engages all	institutions,	outcomes).	. /
	· ·	Joucomes).	
peoples equitably, with a focus on	communicatio		
expanding trust	n specialists to		
and inclusion of	co-develop		
underrepresented			
communities.	relevant and		
	accessible		
	information on		
	civic		
	engagement		
	and		
	decision-maki		
	ng		
	opportunities.		
23.Promote	Ecosystem	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Modify the following phrase within the
transparent and	recovery	implementing best practices for	Action Description as follows: "and
inclusive	decision-maki	modifying processes to be just and	decision maker understanding of
governance that	ng and	inclusive, increasing practitioner and	overburdened and underrepresented
engages all	processes are	decision maker understanding of	communities and fostering the use of
peoples equitably,	inclusive of a	overburdened communities, and	new deliberative democracy tools (e.g.,
with a focus on	broader set of	fostering the use of new deliberative	peoples assemblies)."
expanding trust	committed	democracy tools.	
and inclusion of	stakeholders		
underrepresented			
communities.	forms of		
	knowledge.		

23.Promote transparent and inclusive governance that engages all peoples equitably, with a focus on expanding trust and inclusion of underrepresented communities.	Increase capacity for overburdened communities to engage in environmental decision making.	Explore needs, barriers, and best practices for building capacity for overburdened communities to engage in environmental decision making by engaging directly with stakeholders and local advocacy groups (e.g., see WA Environmental Justice Task Force recommendation, State of California guidelines for government-created documents).	General Comment on High-Level Action #162: Add the word "underrepresented" - "Increase capacity for overburdened and underrepresented communities to engage in environmental decision making"> Again, please add the word "underrepresented" to this High-Level Action: "Increase capacity for overburdened and underrepresented communities to engage in environmental decision making".
		Increase funding and/or technical assistance to coalitions and/or community representatives who have been identified to speak on behalf of overburdened communities and youth, so that they may meaningfully participate in environmental decision making.	
		Implement the HEAL Act.	
		Require all virtual board meetings to comply with Americans with Disabilities Act.	
23.Promote transparent and inclusive governance that engages all peoples equitably, with a focus on expanding trust and inclusion of underrepresented communities.	Increase trust by including and communicatin g directly and effectively with new and diverse audiences.	Explore best pathways for listening to the concerns, interests, context, and needs, as well as the current strengths, activities, and ongoing programs of communities that have not historically be well represented in Puget Sound recovery efforts. Increase participation of overburdened and historically underrepresented communities in Puget Sound recovery governing and advisory boards.	Modify the following opportunity within the Action Description as follows: "Amplify Tribal efforts to increase opportunities for Puget Sound residents, communities, and visitors to learn about Tribal Sovereignty and Treaty Rights."

		Amplify tribal efforts to increase opportunities for Puget Sound residents and communities to learn about Puget Sound tribal treaty rights.	
23.Promote transparent and inclusive governance that engages all peoples equitably, with a focus on expanding trust and inclusion of underrepresented communities.	considering implementatio n of Puget	Increase participation of overburdened and historically underrepresented communities in Puget Sound recovery governing and advisory boards.	Modify the Action Description as follows: "Increase participation of Tribal communities who are overburdened and historically underrepresented in some Puget Sound recovery governing and advisory boards."
23.Promote transparent and inclusive governance that engages all peoples equitably, with a focus on expanding trust and inclusion of underrepresented communities.	jargon and/or overly technical	Amplify tribal efforts to increase opportunities for Puget Sound residents and communities to learn about Puget Sound tribal treaty rights.	Modify the Action Description as follows: "Amplify Tribal efforts to increase opportunities to communicate with Puget Sound residents, communities, and visitors in their respective languages (other than English) about Puget Sound Tribal Sovereignty and Treaty Rights."

	communicatio		
	ns materials.		
24.Engage with	Increase	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	No comments
communities to	number,	offering specialized training to increase	
identify, protect,	accessibility,	awareness of cultural and spiritual	
and enhance	and	practices among land, shoreline, and	
opportunities for	protections for	transportation managers and planners;	
cultural practices	multi-use and	using information relevant to culturally	
and access to safe	multi-cultural	significant areas when setting priorities	
and abundant	natural spaces	for acquisition, protection, and	
local foods.	(e.g., fish and	restoration, where recommended by	
	shellfish	tribes; providing multi-cultural	
	harvesting,	information on navigational maps; and	
	camping,	training the boating community on oil	
	boating,	spill response and recognizing invasive	
	gardening,	species.	
	etc.), including		
	green spaces		
	and		
	waterways.		
24.Engage with	Restore and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Modify the following phrase within the
communities to	enhance	enhancing the number of investigations	Action Description as follows: "using
identify, protect,	native fish,	and more widely sharing findings to	local and technical information to inform
and enhance	shellfish,	improve understanding of marine	protection and recovery efforts."
opportunities for	game, and	biotoxins and harmful algal blooms;	
cultural practices	plant	increasing education and communication	
and access to safe	populations	on the importance of shorelines;	
and abundant	consistent	considering complexities and conflicts in	
local foods.	with species	managing multiple recovery goals and	
	recovery	species; and using local and technical	
	efforts.	information to inform recovery efforts.	

24.Engage with communities to identify, protect, and enhance opportunities for cultural practices and access to safe public lands and abundant local foods.

Improve appropriate access opportunities for harvesting local foods on and shorelines.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include supporting delivery of local food harvests to accessible locations; collecting and disseminating existing local guides for best practices to access and harvest local foods; providing resources to diverse communities with tailored approaches (e.g., including local representatives, educational resources, technical assistance, funding, etc.); and improving land affordability, and supporting smaller farms for local food production.

Missing Intermediate Result: Enable equitable harvest of marine resources on private tidelands by a.) Tribal members, through co-manager agreements, and b.) encouraging general-public access for recreational purposes by providing incentives to private shoreline landowners (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, NGOs) --> Add another opportunity to the Action Description as follows: "...enable equitable harvest of marine resources on private tidelands by Tribal members, through co-manager agreements, and encourage general-public access for recreational purposes by providing incentives to private shoreline landowners;..."

General Comment on High-Level Action #91: Add the phrase "and other culturally important materials" to the high-level action "Improve appropriate access opportunities for harvesting local foods and other culturally important materials on public lands and shorelines. --> Again, please modify the High-Level Action as follows: "Improve appropriate access opportunities for harvesting local foods and other culturally important materials on public lands and shorelines"

25.Implement Conduct and Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include General Comment on High-Level Action coordinate policies and promoting best practices that maximize #96: Add the word "unbiased" to the unbiased programs that benefits and minimize adverse impacts to high-level action "Conduct and maximize benefits research to both ecosystems and natural resource coordinate unbiased research to improve and minimize industries. improve the the understanding of ecosystem-industry adverse impacts to understanding interactions." --> Thank you for adding both ecosystems "unbiased" to the High-Level Action! and natural ecosystem-indu resource industries stry and livelihoods. interactions. Also, add the following opportunity to the Action Description: "...; ensure that research is comprehensive, current, and independently conducted, evaluated, and reported." Please see the footnotes on pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why it's important to include the edits nored above (see this link https://static1.squarespace.com/static/ 60e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5 a1898562e220687c6/1638207322484/St raitERN 2022WAStateLegislativePrioritie s FINAL 2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait Legislative Priorities and Example Actions were sent to both the Leadership Council and 24th District Legislators in November 2021. They were also discussed with the Leadership Council at their December 9, 2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings. Promote 25.Implement Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include This Action Description does not include multi-benefit policies and increases in assessments and reporting of language that actually addresses the programs that solutions in tradeoffs in protection and restoration High-Level Action topic, which is, I think, maximize benefits restoration and actions and the extent to which multi-benefit "job creation and related industries". and minimize protection solutions are implemented and achieve their Perhaps something should be said that expected results. An increase in adverse impacts to project points out the multi-benefits of job consideration of multibenefits and tradeoffs both ecosystems development to creation, including with related and natural include could result in the development actionable industries, of restoration and protection resource industries considerations information and tools for program managers and livelihoods. projects and programs, both short and for job creation and project sponsors to increase the number and related and impact of multi-benefit solutions in long-term. industries. protection and restoration projects.

25.Implement	Support natural	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	No comments
policies and		cultivating and supporting businesses	
programs that	jobs and	seeking to produce local foods and natural	
maximize benefits	production	resources focused services, activities and	
and minimize	opportunities.	products. Part of this work can be	
adverse impacts to		accomplished by developing and sharing	
both ecosystems		locally relevant information on the economic	
and natural		and employment benefits and impacts of	
resource industries		natural resources sectors to natural resource	
and livelihoods.		decision makers, consumers, and individuals	
		seeking employment in said industries. An	
		assessment of barriers of Puget Sound	
		residents to enter natural resources sector would result in more effective and	
		sustainable growth in natural resource industries.	
		illidustries.	
26.Protect human	Direct	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include:	No comments
health,	beneficial	planning and beginning to implementing	
considering	environmental	approaches for engaging overburdened	
disproportionate	activities,	and underrepresented communities;	
impacts on	investments,	conducting environmental justice	
sensitive	and	assessments for significant actions;	
populations,	community	identifying and implementing processes	
through programs	1	for considering environmental justice in	
that educate		budgeting, expenditures, and granting or	
communities and	understanding	withholding environmental benefits;	
limit harmful	and improving	developing consultation frameworks	
exposures from	areas with	with Puget Sound tribes and consortia to	
air and water	environmental	communicate and collaborate on	
contaminants.	health	environmental justice actions;	
Contaminants.		Ī	
	I	considering appropriate applications of	
		the Washington State Environmental	
		Health Disparities Map for Puget Sound	
	health	and pursue additional community-based	
	l '	research to groundtruth and clarify	
	will be	environmental health disparities in the	
	greatest.	context of Puget Sound recovery.	

26.Protect human | Adequately Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include Modify the following phrase within the health, resource Action Description as follows: "fostering fostering partnerships among state considering community-le agencies, local health jurisdictions, partnerships among Tribes, state community-based organizations, and the agencies, local health jurisdictions..." disproportionate d efforts to impacts on research community; and supporting promote sensitive education and community education and organizing populations, awareness related to toxins in products (PFAS) and through programs about other potential sources of exposure to that educate environmental Itoxins. communities and health risks limit harmful associated exposures from with air air and water pollution, contaminants. drinking water contamination , surface water pollution, and toxins in fish and shellfish. **26.Protect human** Limit people's Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include No comments health, exposures to developing and implementing considering harmful air approaches to sharing real-time air disproportionate pollution. quality information and short-term impacts on forecasts to provide warnings about sensitive potentially harmful conditions (e.g., populations, expand air quality messaging in smart through programs phone weather apps; developing that educate complementary approaches to reach communities and overburdened communities and limit harmful vulnerable populations); expanding exposures from programs to reduce particulate air air and water pollution from wood stoves, diesel contaminants. engines, etc.; focus these programs on reducing exposures to overburdened communities and vulnerable populations; expanding programs to reduce the formation of ground-level ozone, including reducing vehicle miles powered by internal combustion, expanding the coverage of emission checks and standards, etc; and increasing investments in nature-based

		solutions to improving air quality (increased tree canopy, etc.).	
26.Protect human health, considering disproportionate impacts on sensitive populations, through programs that educate communities and limit harmful exposures from air and water contaminants.	Limit people's exposures to harmful water pollution.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include focusing investments to improve drinking water systems to ensure standards are met across Puget Sound communities, with attention to drinking water supplies and systems serving overburdened communities; identifying and addressing sources of pollution that impair water quality in areas where people swim and recreate. and other in-water recreation; preventing people's exposure to poor water quality at fresh and marine swimming and recreational areas by maintaining and expanding beach monitoring and signage.	No comments
existing sources of funding, and increase overall	Secure sustainable and dedicated federal, state, local, and tribal funding source(s) to fully fund Puget Sound and salmon recovery.	Key opportunities for 2022 – 2026 include educating the public and decision-makers on the scale and urgency of the funding need; ensuring accountability and effectiveness in how investments meant for fund Puget Sound recovery are implemented; advocating for strategic prioritization and alignment of federal and state infrastructure funding based on restoration priorities, economies of scale, science advancement, equity and environmental justice, agriculture and resource land protection, and workforce development; supporting ongoing funding for the three Strategic Initiatives, with emphasis on the Habitat Strategic Initiative (where the relative funding gap is largest); securing full funding for high-priority state capital budget requests, including the Puget Sound Acquisition and Restoration (PSAR) Program, the Estuary and Salmon Restoration Program (ESRP), the Puget Sound Nearshore Restoration Project (PSNERP), the Floodplains by Design (FbD) Program, and the	Missing Intermediate Result: • Stable funding sources are established to fully implement local salmon recovery plans (SRFB, Leadership Council, Salmon Recovery Council) > Our December 10, 2021 comment on High-Level Action #173 above was missing from this spreadsheet. No updated comments are necessary for this High Level Action.

		Stormwater Financial Assistance Program.	
A.Explore and utilize new sources of funding, enhance existing sources of funding, and increase overall funding for Puget Sound recovery.	Mobilize new and diverse private funding sources to advance Puget Sound and salmon recovery (e.g., private foundations, businesses, individuals, market-based mechanisms).	Key opportunities for 2022 – 2026 include implementing the Water 100 Project; stewarding and expanding the Partnership Nearshore Credit marketplace, including through upfront capital investments; exploring and establishing Puget Sound recovery as a vehicle for blue carbon investments; developing a corporate partnership strategy – including communications and investment-grade performance measures – necessary to recruit private investment capital and target philanthropic funders.	• Connect or apply new mobilized and diverse funding to well-vetted and prioritized local projects and programs sources (Puget Sound Partnership, Leadership Council)> Our December 10, 2021 comment above on High-Level Action #174 above was missing from this spreadsheet. Please add the following to the Action Description as additional opportunity for 2022-2026: "; connect or apply new mobilized and diverse funding to well-vetted and prioritized local projects and programs sources;"
A.Explore and utilize new sources of funding, enhance existing sources of funding, and increase overall funding for Puget Sound recovery.	Identify and expand funding for subject-specific topics with unique funding requirements (e.g., onsite sewer systems and salmon recovery).	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	Missing Intermediate Result: • Stable funding sources are established to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account (State Legislature, WDOH, local governments)> Our December 10, 2021 comment above on High-Level Action #175 above was missing from this spreadsheet. Please add the following to the Action Description as a opportunity for 2022-2026: "Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include: Stable funding sources are established to fully implement local ongoing On-Site Septic Programs, particularly in rural areas with shellfish resources by, for example, ensuring that property fees fully cover the cost of on-site septic management programs within rural areas, while taking hardship situations into account;"

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existing sources of funding, and increase overall funding for Puget Sound recovery.	list of Puget Sound-wide resource needs.	Key opportunities for 2022 – 2026 include characterizing the resources needed to implement salmon recovery habitat restoration and acquisition projects, including near-term costs (4-year project list) and the full costs to restore and revegetate riparian buffers; understanding the collection of existing funding sources used to support Puget Sound recovery; and increasing coordination on state budget requests.	Add the following opportunity to the Action Description: "; characterizing the resources needed to implement other projects and programs;" "Other" meaning projects and programs other than salmon 4-year project lists, for example shellfish, water quality and quantity, etc.
A.Explore and utilize new sources of funding, enhance existing sources of funding, and increase overall funding for Puget Sound recovery.		Key opportunities for 2022 – 2026 include assessing possible revenue sources for the best match to successfully delivering Puget Sound recovery funding at the necessary scale and pace; building a coalition to support the passage of the new source of revenue before and during the state legislative session.	No comments
A.Explore and utilize new sources of funding, enhance existing sources of funding, and increase overall funding for Puget Sound recovery.	Build infrastructure for and implement a rapid funding response capacity for Puget Sound.	Key opportunities for 2022 – 2026 include ensuring local partners have the capacity to quickly scale their recovery work with increased investment; facilitating streamlined bundling and matchmaking between fund sources and restoration projects.	Modify the following phrase within the Action Description as follows: "; facilitating streamlined bundling and matchmaking between funding sources and protection and restoration projects"

B.Promote strategic leadership and collaboration to support Puget Sound recovery. Provide the leadership framework to guide the **Puget Sound** and set action and funding priorities.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include ensuring that all investments in Puget Sound are utilized strategically to strengthen our recovery network; convening Leadership Council-led forums Washington State are explicitly recovery effort to celebrate successes and troubleshoot barriers to progress in the recovery knowledge network that supports adaptive management of the recovery effort; continuing to enhance our regional monitoring network and capabilities; leading the development of Vital Sign indicator targets as benchmarks for success and to focus partner action and investments; developing a strategic plan for the medium- to long-term allocation of state (State Legislature, state agencies, local funding toward salmon recovery priorities; and completing the 2022-2026 following to the Action Description as Action Agenda as the region's roadmap four years.

Missing Intermediate Results: 1. Ensure that Tribal Sovereignty, Treaty Rights, and the Tribe's role as co-managers of natural resources (i.e., Boldt Decision) within recognized, and that "Free, Prior, and Informed Consent" is well provided for effort; strengthening and diversifying the when developing legislative actions and policies. (state legislature, Tribes, state agencies, local governments); 2. Ensure that ecosystem services provided by rural areas are appropriately recognized and valued, and that local priorities are honored, when developing legislative actions, policies, and funding for economic, shoreline and land use, natural resource, and climate change planning. governments) --> Please add the additional and, frankly, highly important to priority recovery actions over the next leadership opportunities for 2022-2026: "...; work to ensure that Tribal Sovereignty, Treaty Rights, and the Tribe's role as co-managers of natural resources (i.e., Boldt Decision) within Washington State are explicitly recognized, and that "free, prior and informed Consent" is well provided for when developing legislative actions and policies; AND "...; work to ensure that ecosystem services provided by rural areas are appropriately recognized and valued, and that local priorities are honored, when developing legislative actions, policies, and funding for economic, shoreline and land use, natural resource, and climate change planning...; Explanatory Note: Here's the citation for "Free, prior and informed consent" footnote: United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, 2007, Article 19: States shall consult and cooperate in good faith with the indigenous peoples concerned through their own representative

			institutions in order to obtain their free, prior and informed consent before adopting and implementing legislative or administrative measures that may affect them. Go to https://www.un.org/esa/socdev/unpfii/documents/DRIPS en.pdf AND https://www.un.org/development/desa/indigenouspeoples/declaration-on-the-rights-of-indigenous-peoples.html
			"Free, prior and informed consent" is a key part of one of the overarching Strait ERN's Legislative Priorities and Example Actions submitted to the Leadership Council and the 24th District Legislator on November 22, 2021 and discussed within them in meetings afterward. Go to the "Our Current Work" section of the "Our Work" page on the Strait ERN website: https://www.straitern.org/our-work to download a copy.
B.Promote strategic leadership and collaboration to support Puget Sound recovery.	Support and build strategic, collaborative partnerships	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include strategically leverage funding streams that support Puget Sound recovery; cultivating relationships with partners in the private sector; building the capacity of local partners to advance shared local and regional recovery priorities; supporting local government partners to protect and restore habitat; engaging in discussions of policy reform (such as through state and federal legislative processes); and building out transboundary coordination to further cross-border engagement and progress on issues of importance across the Salish Sea.	Missing Intermediate Results: • LIOs develop strategic partnerships by increasing the organizational and governmental diversity of their voting membership (Puget Sound Partnership, LIOs)> Our December 10, 2021 comment above on High-Level Action #124 above was missing from this spreadsheet. Please modify the Action Description to read "; encourage LIOs improve strategic partnerships by increasing the organizational and governmental diversity of their voting membership;"

B.Promote strategic leadership and collaboration to support Puget Sound recovery. Advance diversity, equity, inclusion, and environmental justice in Puget Sound recovery efforts.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include supporting implementation of the Healthy Environment for All (HEAL) Act; developing a Diversity, Equity & Inclusion and Environmental Justice Action Plan for the Puget Sound Partnership's boards; diversifying the Puget Sound Partnership's boards; reducing barriers to participation in the Puget Sound Partnership's boards and overall recovery work; and ensuring that Puget Sound recovery funding streams are adapted to support diversity, equity & inclusion, environmental justice, and tribal treaty rights.

Missing Intermediate Results: 1. Work well integrate the principles of Justice, Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion (JEDI) by identifying; reaching out; listening and understanding; informing and educatin and welcoming marginalized or underrepresented community organizations, including youth, to be voting members of each of the Puget Sound Partnership's Management Conference boards and LIOs. (state legislature, Puget Sound Partnership Management Conference boards and staff, LIOs) – Note: This comment was adapted from discussions during Strait

Missing Intermediate Results: 1. Work to well integrate the principles of Justice, Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion (JEDI) by understanding; informing and educating; and welcoming marginalized or underrepresented community organizations, including youth, to be voting members of each of the Puget Sound Partnership's Management Conference boards and LIOs. (state legislature, Puget Sound Partnership Management Conference boards and staff, LIOs) – Note: This comment was adapted from discussions during Strait ERN LIO quarterly meetings and from a page on our website.; 2. Post-COVID, continue to actively utilize and promote virtually held Management Conference, as well as other regional and local recovery partner meetings around the Salish Sea, to "walk the talk" on reducing greenhouse gas emissions and to help remove barriers to active participation by marginalized or underrepresented community organizations or coalitions. (Puget Sound Partnership Management Conference boards and staff, LIOs and others) - Note: This comment is suggested by the Strait ERN LIO Coordinator. --> The comments above are an earlier version of what we submitted on December 10, 2021. What follows here is the most up to date versions: Missing Intermediate Results:

• Well-integrate the principles of Justice, Equity, Diversity, and Inclusion (JEDI) by identifying; reaching out; listening and understanding; informing and educating; and welcoming marginalized or underrepresented community organizations, including youth, to be voting members of each of the Puget Sound Partnership's Management

	Conference boards and LIOs. (State Legislature, Puget Sound Partnership Management Conference boards and staff, LIOs)
	Post-COVID, utilize and promote a hybrid approach to holding Management
	Conference, as well as other regional and
	local recovery partner, meetings around
	the Salish Sea to "walk the talk" on
	reducing greenhouse gas emissions and
	to help remove barriers to active
	participation by marginalized or
	underrepresented community
	organizations or coalitions. (Puget Sound
	Partnership Management Conference
	boards and staff, LIOs and others)> No
	updated comments are necessary for this
	High Level Action

C.Coordinate and invest in research and monitoring to support Puget Sound recovery.

Coordinate and advance science and **Puget Sound** recovery.

Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include revising the strategic plan for the Puget Sound Ecosystem Monitoring Program monitoring for and to develop, and begin to implement, a Science Work Plan for 2025-2028.

Missing Intermediate Results:

- Assure that good policy arises from good unbiased science (Puget Sound Partnership, Puget Sound Science Panel, State Agencies)
- An online searchable data base is funded, developed, and maintained to serve as a comprehensive clearinghouse of scientific information and expertise for use by the Puget Sound protection and recovery community (Puget Sound Partnership, Puget Sound Science Panel, State Agencies) --> Our December 10, 2021 comment above on High-Level Action #121 above was missing from this spreadsheet. Please modify the Action Description to read "...implement, an unbiased Science Work Plan for 2025-2028 that's specifically designed to inform good policy;" Please also add the following to the Action Description as an additional opportunity for 2022-2026: "...: develop, fund, and maintain an online searchable database to serve as a comprehensive clearinghouse of scientific information and expertise for use by the Puget Sound protection and recovery community...". Please see the footnotes on pages 1 and 2 for Strait Legislative Priority and Example Action # 3 as to why it's important to include the word "unbiased" within this modified Action Description (see this link https://static1.squarespace.com/static/6 0e5d93e4df1565db15c10be/t/61a50f5a1 898562e220687c6/1638207322484/Strai tERN 2022WAStateLegislativePriorities F INAL 2021NOV19+.pdf). Our Strait Legislative Priorities and Example Actions were sent to both the Leadership Council and 24th District Legislators in November 2021. They were also discussed with the

Leadership Council at their December 9, 2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings. C.Coordinate and Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include Develop Missing Intermediate Result: invest in research capacity and coordinating the Puget Sound Ecosystem Local, long-term, and inherently and monitoring to coordinate Monitoring Program (PSEMP) in efficient volunteer monitoring programs support Puget efforts to increasingly open, transparent, and are well funded, maintained, regionally Sound recovery. assess and inclusive ways; reviewing and adapting respected, and designed to offer the the quality, depth, and breadth of report on added benefit of educating and involving ecosystem monitoring and assessment and the the public (State Agencies, local conditions and Inetworks through which scientists governments and governmental the collaborate and engage across institutions, NGOs) --> Our December 10, effectiveness science-policy interfaces; assessing and 2021 comment above on High-Level of ecosystem reporting on Puget Sound indicators Action #122 above was missing from this recovery (introduced in Chapter 3 of the spreadsheet. Please add the following to Comprehensive Plan) and develop and strategies and the Action Description as another actions. apply innovative tools to understand opportunity for 2022-2026: "...; assure ecosystem conditions and to predict and that local, long-term, and inherently document change; analyzing and efficient volunteer monitoring programs synthesizing existing information, are well funded, maintained, regionally especially using Puget Sound indicators, respected, and designed to offer the to evaluate and report on the ecosystem added benefit of educating and involving conditions and the effects of recovery the public;..." efforts, with increasing attention to inequities in the distribution of environmental burdens; fostering exploration and discovery through coordination of subject matter experts and through comprehensive assessments (such as cumulative effects evaluations) and interdisciplinary investigations; communicating scientific findings and providing scientific support

for policy and management decisions.

	ı		
C. Coordinate and	Implement	Key opportunities for 2022-2024 include	No comments
invest in research	priority	selecting and funding investigations that	
and monitoring to	science work	address priority science work actions	
support Puget	actions from	through (i) Partnership awards for Puget	
Sound recovery.	the Science	Sound scientific research and monitoring	
	Work Plan for	to accelerate recovery in 2021-2023 and	
	2020-2024	2023-2025 and (ii) partners' awards and	
		staffing commitments to carry out	
		investigations that align with priority	
		science work actions; building an	
		ongoing research	
		collaboration–including jointly funded	
		investigations and a new Puget Sound	
		fellowship program–between the	
		Partnership and Washington Sea Grant.	
C. Coordinate and	Collaboratively	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	No comments
invest in research	broaden and	learning from a diversity of partners	
and monitoring to	improve the	about what is important in how the	
support Puget	knowledge	knowledge network grows from the	
Sound recovery.	network that	current situation and how it functions	
,		into the future; and learning from	
	Sound	others' experiences about governance	
	ecosystem	and management approaches that have	
	recovery.	fostered broader engagement and	
	1.0001017.	improved network outcomes, especially	
		those that have emphasized	
		incorporation of Indigenous knowledge	
		and addressed environmental justice;	
		and identifying practical means by which	
		science programs and other knowledge	
		providers can access and manage	
		financial and intellectual resources to	
		sustain management-relevant	
		_	
		investigations and boundary spanning	
		activities; learning from diverse partners	
		about what makes information	
		"legitimate" and the limitations of	
		traditional western approaches to	
		applied science; and enhancing	
		networking among different types of	
		programs and diverse groups of	
		individuals across Puget Sound and the	
		entire Salish Sea.	

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invest in research and monitoring to support Puget Sound recovery.	knowledge into science and monitoring efforts.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include finding creative and meaningful ways to partner with Indigenous science programs; and investing in research projects and broader strategies that recognize Indigenous knowledge and build on that knowledge to generate a collective understanding of ecosystems relationships and systems thinking.	No comments
C. Coordinate and invest in research and monitoring to support Puget Sound recovery.	Recognize and embrace ecosystem recovery as a human as well as ecological process by coordinating the production and use of interdisciplinar y research that explores and emphasizes the integrated nature of socio-ecologic al systems.		No comments
	Build and sustain robust programs and relationships across science-policy interfaces to inform recovery.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include supporting partners in ecosystem recovery to understand resilience as a strategy, rather than an attribute of a system, encouraging adoption of adaptive rather than rigid tactics; identifying opportunities when 'policy windows' are open and when knowledge can be linked to action; and engaging decision makers in the production and sharing of policy-relevant information.	No comments

C. Coordinate and invest in research and monitoring to support Puget Sound recovery.	science	A key opportunity for 2022-2024 is to foster partnerships that support access to the full range of communication approaches and tools that build and sustain the case for Puget Sound recovery.	No comments
C. Coordinate and invest in research and monitoring to support Puget Sound recovery.	Develop and analyze alternative future scenarios to help leaders make decisions that will lead to system-level change under a range of projections for climate change, population growth, and other uncertainties.	Key opportunities for 2022-2024 (and beyond) include developing and using scenario analysis to explore alternative futures and evaluate trade-offs, among the variety of things valued by Puget Sound residents, across possible approaches to managing growth and governing our behaviors; investigating and better understanding the deeper connections, feedback loops, and system structures that drive future conditions in order to more directly address, plan for, and mitigate those drivers; exploring current and planned actions to understand their efficacy into the uncertain future; and instituting future scenarios approaches as a mindset and tool kit for the Partnership and others to consider the many ways the future may unfold and how strategies can be made more robust, responsive, and effective.	No comments
D.Expand partnerships between the pre-kindergarten to post-secondary (preK-16) education networks and restoration communities at state and local levels to increase participation by youth, families, teachers, and communities in	Coordinate planning and implementatio n across partner networks.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include assembling a team that includes policy and technical representatives from Washington State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI), other state agencies, tribes, and environmental organizations to develop and implement this strategy; developing targeted, strategic communications to recruit participants and gain support of administrators at each level of hierarchy within organizations; and encouraging state agencies to incentivize staff collaboration in project-educator collaborations.	What happened to High-Level Action ID#s 166 through 170 formally under Institutional Strategy #D? On December 10, 2021, we submitted a total of five comments on missing Intermediate Results for Strategy D, High-Level Action ID#s 166 through 170. For convenience, our December 10, 2021 comments on Strategy D are shown below within Rows 136 through 140. Please consider our December 10, 2021 comments for this revised Strategy D. It's important to note that our comments on the highly important Institutional Strategies A through E, including this one, were developed by our membership during

Puget Sound			their December 10, 2021 Fall Quarterly
recovery actions.			Meeting.
D.Expand partnerships between the pre-kindergarten to post-secondary (preK-16)	Identify funding sources to support collaborations between PSP	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include allowing up to 10 percent of Puget Sound Partnership project funding to support collaborations with educators, including school research and restoration project involvement and encouraging	Results for Strategy D, High-Level Action
education networks and restoration communities at state and local levels to increase participation by youth, families, teachers, and communities in Puget Sound recovery actions.	partners and preK-16 educators.	other entities to provide funding; identifying funding to support an open data network and education coordinators to catalyze meaningful student experiences; compensating student interns programs to ensure inclusion of students who can't afford to participate in unpaid internships and encouraging partner organizations to do so also; prioritizing funding for projects that serve youth from communities most impacted by environmental disparities.	ID#s 166 through 170. For convenience, our December 10, 2021 comments on Strategy D are shown below within Rows 136 through 140. Please consider our December 10, 2021 comments for this revised Strategy D. It's important to note that our comments on the highly important Institutional Strategies A through E, including this one, were developed by our membership during their December 10, 2021 Fall Quarterly Meeting.
D.Expand partnerships between the	Expand meaningful education and	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include partnering with OSPI to create and	What happened to High-Level Action ID#s 166 through 170 formally under
pre-kindergarten to post-secondary (preK-16) education networks and restoration communities at	leadership experiences, internships and mentorships.	maintain an open data network to identify potential PSP partners, project types and locations, and contacts. Include existing databases (e.g., Puget Sound Info) and data from all Partnership project grantees. Encourage participation from other entities; identifying targets and intermediate	Institutional Strategy #D? On December 10, 2021, we submitted a total of five comments on missing Intermediate Results for Strategy D, High-Level Action ID#s 166 through 170. For convenience, our December 10, 2021 comments on Strategy D are shown below within Rows 136 through 140. Please consider our
state and local levels to increase participation by youth, families, teachers, and communities in Puget Sound recovery actions.		progress measures for actions that increase preK-16 and PSP partner collaborations; recruiting educator liaisons to participate in each of the Strategic Initiative Advisory Teams to identify projects that may be appropriate for youth participation; encouraging all Partnership work groups (e.g., PSEMP) to include tribal and non-tribal scientists and traditional knowledge keepers in projects that include education	December 10, 2021 comments for this revised Strategy D. It's important to note that our comments on the highly important Institutional Strategies A through E, including this one, were developed by our membership during their December 10, 2021 Fall Quarterly Meeting.
		components, including those in Canada as appropriate; ensuring environmental	

		justice principles are embedded in PSP funded projects that include education components.	
D.Expand partnerships between the pre-kindergarten to post-secondary (preK-16) education networks and restoration communities at state and local levels to increase participation by youth, families, teachers, and communities in Puget Sound recovery actions.	Include representative s of youth organizations in regional planning forums to increase youth involvement in planning and implementing projects in local areas.	Key opportunities for 2022-2026 include	What happened to High-Level Action ID#s 166 through 170 formally under Institutional Strategy #D? On December 10, 2021, we submitted a total of five comments on missing Intermediate Results for Strategy D, High-Level Action ID#s 166 through 170. For convenience, our December 10, 2021 comments on Strategy D are shown below within Rows 136 through 140. Please consider our December 10, 2021 comments for this revised Strategy D. It's important to note that our comments on the highly important Institutional Strategies A through E, including this one, were developed by our membership during their December 10, 2021 Fall Quarterly Meeting.
E.Build issue awareness to increase public support for Puget Sound recovery and cultivate stewardship behaviors that benefit Puget Sound.	Cultivate broad-scale stewardship practices and behaviors among Puget Sound residents that benefit Puget Sound.	Key opportunities to implement this action for 2022-2026 include sustaining and furthering projects and programs that advance individual pro-environmental behavior change; and supporting landowner coordination for landscape-scale conservation.	Missing Intermediate Result: • Earned media campaigns (e.g., published stories, press releases, signs, etc.) promote stewardship practices and behavior change by residents as well as visitors and climate migrants to the Puget Sound (Puget Sound Partnership, local reinvigorated ECONet organizations, NGOs)> Modify the Action Description to read the following "advance individual pro-environmental behavior change among residents, visitors, and climate migrants to the Salish Sea;"

E.Build issue awareness to increase public support for Puget Sound recovery and cultivate stewardship behaviors that benefit Puget Sound.	Build issue awareness and understanding to increase public support and engagement in recovery actions.	Key opportunities to implement this action for 2022-2026 include expanding and promoting public participation in governance processes.	Missing Intermediate Result: • Well-funded and engaging programs offer residents the education, training, experience, and mentoring necessary to become effective and long-term advocates for environmental regulatory and policy improvements within their local communities, as well as at the regional and state levels. (State Legislature, local reinvigorated ECONet organizations, NGOs)> Modify the Action Description to read the following
			"include expanding and promoting public participation in governance processes through education, training, experiential, and mentoring programs."
E.Build issue awareness to increase public support for Puget Sound recovery and cultivate stewardship behaviors that benefit Puget Sound.	Build social and institutional infrastructure that supports stewardship behaviors and removes barriers.	Key opportunities to implement this action for 2022-2026 include expanding and promoting public participation in governance processes; and bolstering and expanding voluntary environmental programs among local businesses.	No comments

E.Build issue
awareness to
increase public
support for Puget
Sound recovery
and cultivate
stewardship
behaviors that
benefit Puget
Sound.

Investigate the research questions outlined within Social Science for the Salish Sea, an action-oriente d social science research agenda, specifically the following research questions.

Investigate the research questions outlined within Social Science for the Salish Sea, an action-oriente What factors motivate landowners to engage in or resist ecosystem recovery actions? What about land rights-holders, such as Indigenous groups, and other stakeholders, such as the non-landowning public? (Ask related questions of these groups as well.)

[Question #3]

research
agenda,
specifically the
following
research
questions.

What is the current status of, and
potential for, collaborating with different
industries in ecosystem recovery? (e.g.,
natural resource industries such as
forestry and fishing, ports, pipelines,
mines, pulp mills, etc.) [Question #6]

How do resource management and conservation affect people in different and differential ways (i.e., economic, psychological, physical, and cultural effects)? [Question #11]

How do power and politics influence decision-making processes and actions take in the Salish Sea? [Question #26]

How can we advance eco-cultural (also called biocultural) approaches to stewardship and restoration? [Question #30]

Missing Intermediate Result:

 Institutional infrastructure is well funded, for the long-term, to strategically coordinate and deliver well-designed social marketing campaigns that build awareness, outreach, behavior change, and stewardship at the local level among, residents, visitors, climate migrants, community groups, and in support of environmentally-friendly businesses (State Legislature, local reinvigorated ECONet organizations, NGOs) --> What about research questions that address climate migrants and vistors, for example, "What factors have or will motivate climate migrants to move to or tourists to visit the Salish Sea? What do they know or appreciate about the concept of "shifting baselines"? What's their level of knowledge about the challenges the Salish Sea faces now and in the coming years as a result of climate change? Job opportunities are likely not the reason why people move to rural areas within the Salish Sea from more southern climes, rather climate change is, or soon will be, the driving factor. While we appreciate this social science research agenda, how will the results be implemented and funded over the long-term as the next step? The funding and implementation portion of this effort needs to be explicitly included somewhere in Strategy E.

Hi	Strategy D gh-Level Action	Below are the STRAIT ERN LIO December 10, 2021 comments on the old High-Level Actions #166 - 170 for Strategy D:
ndus educ work grou prim seco post-	s-agency/i stry/ cator king ups at hary, hadary and e-secondar vels. (ID	Missing Intermediate Result: • Teachers are provided the opportunity, as well as the long-term funding and capacity necessary, to enable student participation in local and meaningful ecosystem monitoring and recovery projects and programs within their communities (State Legislature, OSPI, School Districts, E3 Washington, NGOs)
shard infor creat colla at th level scho comi orga and resto comi prov expe inter and men stud start thos from oppo	rmation to te aborations are local I between all between all sols, munity nizations, the bration munity to aide eriences, rnships torships to ents sing with e furthest	Missing Intermediate Result: • Students are provided well-funded equitable opportunities, who are guided by mentors, that allow them gain real-world work experience as interns in meaningful ecosystem monitoring and recovery projects and programs within their communities (State Legislature, OSPI, School Districts, E3 Washington, NGOs)

Provide every student with high quality instruction in up-to-date concepts and skills to support their role in a transition to a clean economy. (ID #168)	Missing Intermediate Result: • Teachers are provided the knowledge, skills, and abilities, as well as the long-term funding and capacity necessary, to incorporate climate change and the transition to a clean economy into their standard school curriculums (State Legislature, OSPI, School Districts, E3 Washington, NGOs)
Elevate youth voices. (ID #169)	Missing Intermediate Result: • Well-funded and engaging programs offer youth the education, training, experience, and mentoring necessary to become effective and long-term advocates for environmental regulatory and policy improvements within their local communities, as well as at the regional and state levels. (State Legislature, OSPI, School Districts, E3 Washington, NGOs)
Increase capacity for outdoor and nature-based education. (ID #170)	Missing Intermediate Results: • Outdoor-based environmental educators are provided the opportunity, as well as the long-term funding and capacity necessary, to enable participation by residents in local and meaningful ecosystem monitoring and recovery projects and programs within their communities (State Legislature, OSPI, School Districts, reinvigorated ECONet organizations, E3 Washington, NGOs)